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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta
Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi
VOL. XXXII NO. 265 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1944. Price: 2 Annas

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Radio Will Announce:

Result Of Battle For White House To-day

Good Response To Roosevelt's Call To Voters

(From Reuter's Special Correspondent).

NEW YORK, November 7.

Millions of Americans are polling today in what is expected to be the closest presidential election since Woodrow Wilson defeated Charles Hughes in 1916. Fifteen thousand police are on special duty in New York city ready to deal with what Mayor Laguardia described in a broadcast as "Hoodlumism" seeking to exert pressure on voters.

RECORD VOTE?

All over the country, voters are responding to the broadcast appeals by both candidates for a record vote. Both President Roosevelt and Governor Dewey have remained in New York State awaiting the result of grim months of the long struggle for the White House. Editors throughout the country have prepared to cover the historic story with special staffs. American Press Agencies have mobilised over 100,000 helpers to tabulate the results and rush them to the nation.

FOR POLICE & PRESS

Governor Dewey is seen to be constantly surrounded by his Lieutenant and a police guard. All are impatient for the first results to begin coming in.

A lavish, grand ballroom has been thrown open to the public but visitors will be carefully scrutinised by a special police detail. One entire floor is devoted to Press correspondents and 50 publicity men have been assigned to act as 'liaison' between Governor Dewey and the Press.

Governor Dewey is in constant contact with Republican State leaders throughout America by direct phone. The present plans call for Governor Dewey to receive the results in Mr. Brownell's office on the walls of which are a generous sprinkling of political cartoons lampooning the Democrats.

No New Yorkers could drink to-day whether to celebrate an anticipated victory or take comfort in apparent defeat since all bars are closed.

No buses and few private vehicles will be allowed in New York's famous Times Square to-night when the election results will be given to New Yorkers on electric news signs. A hundred mounted policemen and hundreds of others on foot will control the crowds.

The first voters arrived at the polls in early morning darkness. Governor Dewey planned to be at the Republican Headquarters as the voters went to the polls. He is housed in a six-room suite on the fifteenth floor of Hotel Roosevelt in the heart of Manhattan. The entire tenth floor is occupied by the Republican National Committee. The Chairman, Mr. Herbert Brownell, and staff were in seven rooms replete with more than 30 telephones and newsprinters. A tense atmosphere prevails.

ROOSEVELT'S CALL TO VOTERS

President Roosevelt in an eve of election broadcast on Monday night called for 50 million men and women to come out to vote on Tuesday so that "the world will respect our democracy" and fight to attain permanent world peace.

Vice-Presidency Henry Wallace predicted that President Roosevelt would carry at least two-thirds of the States and have a popular majority of over three million votes over his Republican opponent Mr. Thomas Dewey.

Speaking from the study at his Hyde Park Estate, President Roosevelt added: "Twice in 25 years, our people have had to put on a brave smiling front as they suffered the anxiety and agony of war. No one wants to endure the suffering again." "When we think of the speed and long distance possibilities of air travel to the remotest corners of the earth, we must consider the devastation wrought on the people of England by the new longrange bombs. Another war would be bound to bring ever more devilish and more powerful instruction to wipe out civilian populations. No coastal defences however strong could prevent these silent missiles of death fired perhaps from planes or ships at sea from crashing deep within the United States.

I do not want to talk to you tonight of partisan politics. The political battle is over. Our task now is to face the future with a militant and united people.—Reuter.

'VOICE OF AMERICA'

In view of the widespread interest in the United States Presidential Elections, attention of readers is drawn to the special broadcast being put out by the New York Station "Voice of America" for four hours on Wednesday morning (November 8) from 7-30 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. I.S.T. on 49.91 metres. The station's regular broadcast can be picked up fairly clearly in India on the same wavelength every night between 11 and 11-30 p.m.

'RESIGN' CALL TO HIGH COMMISSIONER

DURBAN, Nov. 7: The Indian Municipal Employees Society has sent a telegram to the Indian High Commissioner urging him to resign as a mark of protest against "the obnoxious Residential Property Regulation Ordinance".

LULL ON EAST PRUSSIAN FRONT

Soviet Establish Two Bridgeheads Over Tjsza

MOSCOW, Nov. 7: From Reuter's Special Correspondent:—

The Red Army, utilising the lull in the fighting, is to-day piling up troops and supplies for an early resumption of its offensive. The virtual collapse of German counter-attacks in East Prussia and the holdup—apparently due to bad weather—on the Budapest front have produced the first momentary pause on the Soviet—German front are about a month, but observes here consider that the Germans are not going to get respite for long.

Col. Von Hammer, military correspondent of the German News Agency, to-day reports two new Soviet bridgeheads at unnamed points over river Tisza in the sector east of Budapest.

FINNS CAPTURE IVALO

A Finnish Communique says the town of Ivalo, 50 miles from the southern border of northern Norway has been captured by Finnish troops. Finnish forces are in pursuit of the German detachments retreating towards Inari, it added.

NORWEGIAN MINISTERS FLY TO MOSCOW

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 7: The Norwegian Foreign Minister, M. Tryggve Lie, has left Stockholm for Moscow by air accompanied by the Norwegian Minister to Russia.

In Czechoslovakia, west of Ushorod, Soviet guards units attacked a height where the Germans had fortified themselves, capture dthe height and dug in on new position.

Exponent Of Sanatanist Philosophy Dead

CAWNPORE, Nov. 7.—Mahamohopadhya Pandit Kaluram Shastri, a great expenent of the Sanatandharma philosophy, expired after a brief illness.—United Press.

"SUPER-FORTS" OVER TOKIO

But No Bombs Were Dropped, Says Jap Radio

LONDON, Nov. 7: The German News Agency quoted a Tokio message that two American "Super-Fortresses" were over Tokio today at noon but dropped no bombs.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7: A Tokyo radio report heard here says that American "Fortresses" were over the island of Hondo in which Tokyo lies for over an hour. A later report from the Japanese news agency said that two "Superforts" flew from their base in the Mariana islands and were over the Kanto district "apparently for reconnaissance purposes."

The agency said that Japanese anti-aircraft guns went into action and the planes flew off southwards. It added that including today's appearances "Super-forts" made three reconnsaissance flights over Kanto, the other two being on November 1 and 5.

In Burma

ALLIES CAPTURE KENNEDY PEAK

KANDY, Nov. 7: Today's S.E.A.C. Communique states: "CHIN HILLS: All Japanese resistance has ended around Kennedy Peak. Fourteenth Army troops have occupied the strongpoint and pressed on to collar another eight miles of the Tiddim-Fort White road. Fighting is in progress two miles north-east of Fort White, where some enemy positions astride the Road have been cleared.

ARAKAN: West African troops moving down the Kaladan Valley are within four miles of Paletwa.

On the night of November 4—Five engine sheds at Bangkok were heavily damaged and mines were laid in enemy waters. On November 5 Allied aircraft bombed railway objectives in Siam.

ALLIED ATTACK ON FORT WHITE

KANDY, Nov. 7: Troops of the Fourteenth Army, moving on swiftly after mopping up at Kennedy Peak have already opened an attack on Fort White, the next Japanese strongpoint on the road from Tiddim to Kalemyo, according to a Press Note issued by S.-E.A.C. Headquarters.

In fighting two miles north-west of the Fort, our troops have already cleared one of the enemy positions which guard the main approach.

SULTAN ON TASK OF OPENING BURMA ROAD

NEW DELHI, Nov. 7: Lt.-Gen. Dan I. Sultan, Commanding General, India Burma Theatre, in a message broadcast today to United States forces of the India-Burma Theatre, said: "Recent developments have changed neither our mission nor our strategy.

The Chinese army in China has tied up numerous Japanese Divisions which could have been used and could still be used against our forces in the Pacific.

"Our job is to open the Burma Road so that heavy equipment, impossible to move by air, can be gotten to the Fourteen Air Force. So that artillery may be gotten to the Chinese armies. So that we may make the last concerted push shoulder to shoulder with Gen. MacArthur and Admiral Nimitz, to end the reign of the Jap once and for all.

Lord Moyne Dead

Assassin Suspected To Be A Jew; Egyptian Cabinet Meets

CAIRO, Nov. 6.

Lord Moyne is dead.

Ahmed Maher Pasha, Egyptian Premier, called a special meeting of the Cabinet tonight and himself went to the police station. All heads of the Egyptian and British police are taking part in the enquiry.

It is officially announced that Lord Moyne's assailants are not Egyptians. A formal statement issued by the Egyptian Government says: "It has been shocked by the outrage."

CHURCHILL'S REFERENCE IN COMMONS

LONDON, Nov. 7: Mr. Churchill made a statement to-day in the House of Commons about the assassination in Cairo of Lord Moyne, the British Minister Resident in Middle East.

Mr. Churchill said: "Parliament and the nation have suffered a very heavy loss in the death of Lord Moyne (sympathetic cheers). He died at the hands of foul assassins in Cairo last night. The murderers themselves narrowly escaped lynching at the hands of Egyptian passersby. The Egyptian Government have stated they were not Egyptian subjects.

This morning I speak only a few words of Walter Moyne and of the grief of all who knew him at his loss. I have known him almost all his life. For over 30 years, mostly in this House we were intimate friends.

Mr. Churchill said Lord Moyne's removal would cause marked impoverishment in British affairs in the Middle East. In particular Lord Moyne devoted himself this year to the solution of the Zionist problem. The Prime Minister was obviously deeply moved.

Mr. Arthur Greenwood, Deputy Leader of the Labour Party, and Sir Percy Harris for the Liberals both condemned political assassination as the worst form of crime.

Lord Moyne was probably murdered by Nazi Agents, said Lord Strabolgi in an interview with Reuter's Political Correspondent to-day.

ZIONISTS URGE IMMEDIATE INQUIRY

The new Zionist organisation in London expressing profound shock at the assassination of Lord Moyne says: "The new Zionist organisation emphatically condemns this act of terrorism reported committed by Jews and is resolved to do all in its power to bring Jewish youths back to the realisation that only by employment of political instruments of discussion, negotiation, and public enlightenment can the legitimate Jewish claim of Jewish statehood be attained."

The new Zionist organisation urges immediate inquiry into the terrorism and its causes.—Reuter.

WANTED LEADER OF GANG ARRESTED

KARACHI, Nov. 7

Muhabat Behan, the Leader of the gang responsible for the murder of the late Mr. Allahbux, has been arrested to-day by Mr. G. G. Ray, Inspector-General of Police at Sukkur.

A reward of Rs. 5,000 had been offered for the arrest of Muhabat.—A. P.

Jail Supdt. Sentenced

NAGPUR, Nov. 7.

M. A. Sumali, Superintendent of Nagpur Central Jail, has been sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 250 or undergo 14 days simple imprisonment under Section 3 of the Contempt of Court Act of 1926, by Mr. Justice Sen and Mr. Justice Vivian Bose.—A. P.

SIND BAN ON "SATYARTH PRAKASH"

Bhai Parmanand's Adjournment Motion Lost In Assembly

NEW DELHI, Nov 7: The Assembly rejected by 55 votes to 15 Bhai Parmanand's adjournment motion to discuss the Sind Government's ban on Chapter XIV of the Satyarth Prakash, the sacred book of the Arya Samajists.

Among those who voted for the motion were Sir Vithal Chandawarkar, Mr. N. M. Joshi, (unattached) and four Congress members, namely Dr. Deshmukh, Raizada Hansraj, Lala Shamlal and Chaudhuri Raghubir Narain Singh. Other members of the Congress Party who were present did not vote.

Home Member, Sir Francis Mudie, opposing the motion pointed out that the Sind Government's action was presumably under D.I.R. 41 and only banned printing and publishing of a fresh edition of the book and there was no question of stopping circulation of the book.—A. P.

NEW FOOD BILL

Opposition To Proposed Levy Of Cess On Rice

NEW DELHI, Nov. 7.

The Assembly agreed to Dr. Ambedkar's motion to refer to Select Committee his bill further to amend the Factories Act so as to give workers in perennial factories the benefit after a year's service of at least six consecutive holidays with pay.

The Assembly took up Mr. J. D. Tyson's motion for reference to Select Committee of his bill to provide for the creation of a fund to be expended by a Committee for the improvement and development of the cultivation and marketing of rice. Debate on it had not concluded when the House adjourned till tomorrow.

In the course of the debate Mr. Tyson explaining the provisions of the Bill pointed out that the funds for the Committee should be provided by the levy of a small excise duty not exceeding six annas per ton on all paddy hulled in power mills. Only some 27 per cent of the rice produced in India was so brought to mills and the cess worked out at less than one pie per maund or one anna per annum to each member of a rice eating family. He added that proposals had been circulated to Provincial Governments and all except Behar had approved them.

Dr. Bannerjee while appreciating the main objects of the Bill opposed the levy of a cess on rice.

Prof. Ranga moving an amendment asking for circulation of the Bill till January 1946 said that Government should withdraw the present measure and bring forward a more satisfactory one.

Today the country was aware of the deficit in rice. Consumers had become victims of profiteering and there was clamour from every side for more and more food at low prices.

Prof. Ranga had not concluded his speech when the House took up Bhai Parmanand's adjournment motion.

The Assembly will continue the debate on the Food situation to-morrow. —A.P.

Allied Troops Occupy Middelburg

ADVANCE ON WALCHEREN ISLAND CONTINUES: BRITISH FORCES CAPTURE WILLEMSTADT

S. H. A. E. F., PARIS, Nov. 7

General Eisenhower's 'communique' today states that on Walcheren Island, Allied troops have taken Middelburg an important communications centre. Other units are fighting their way north-eastwards from the Domburg area.

British troops have captured Willemstadt one of the two German pockets of resistance, south of the Maas says a message issued from the 21st Army group Headquarters.

ADVANCE ON DUTCH MAINLAND

Gains on the Dutch mainland have taken our troops to the outskirts of Willemstadt and fighting continues on the approaches to the Moerdijk bridges which have been blown by the enemy.

Rocket firing fighters hit military buildings east of Eutphen.

Our units continued to meet strong opposition in the Hurtgen forest. A German counter-attack was repulsed west of Hurtgen but a thrust by enemy infantry and tanks in Vossenack forced us to withdraw a short distance in the town. The enemy attack was contained and our units resumed the offensive to regain their former positions.

GAINS WEST OF SCHMIDT

Small gains have been made two miles west of Schmidt against heavy opposition. Fighter-bombers supporting our ground units in the Schmidt area made a series of attacks on enemy troops and armoured units. They also bombed and strafed military buildings north-east of Gelsenkirchen and hit targets at Julich and Fuel and ammunition dumps at Duren.

Other fighter bombers attacked communications and transport in the Rhineland and elsewhere in Germany. Gelsenkirchen was bombed during the afternoon by a very strong force of escorted heavy bombers, five of which are missing. In the evening other heavy bombers attacked Coblenz.

New gains have been made against stubborn resistance in the Vosges heights west of Gerardmer. In the maritime Alps, we have made gains at several points and now hold high ground along the Italian frontier."

U. S. TROOPS REGAIN VOSSENACK

From Reuter's Special Correspondent at S.H.A.E.F., Paris: (Tuesday): In stiff fighting, troops of the United States First Army have regained the village of Vossenack on the edge of Hurtgen forest. The Americans had been forced out of the village yesterday by a German counter-attack.—Reuter.

U. N. R. R. A. COST TO INDIA

NEW DELHI, Nov. 7: The "United Press" learns that the Government of India propose to contribute six crores of rupees towards the funds of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration. It is understood that Sir Azizul Haque, Commerce Member, discussed the matter this evening at a conference of Party leaders of the Assembly.

Gandhiji On Satyagrahi's Last Resort

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 7.

In the course of a letter to Gujerat Congress workers, Gandhiji is reported to have said that his fast, if at all it comes, would come for the oppressed masses of the world. He did not know when it would come but Congressmen all over the Country need not worry about it because he believed that when all activities ceased and people became inactive Yast was the only instrument in the hands of a true Satyagrahi.

Wardha Talks On Political Situation

WARDHA, Nov. 7

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu had a discussion with Dr. Syed Mahmud for about two hours over the political situation. Mr. G. D. Birla also had a discussion with Dr. Mahmud.

A meeting of the Hindusthani Prachar Sabha was held last afternoon, Mahatma Gandhi presiding, when the policy and programme of the Sabha was discussed. Mr. B. G. Kher, Mr. Aryanayakam, Mr. Benarsidas Chaturvedi, Professor Banhatti, Mr. S. N. Agarwal and others attended the meeting.

RED ARMY WILL HOIST VICTORY FLAG OVER BERLIN

STALIN DENOUNCES JAPAN AS AGGRESSOR

MOSCOW, November 6.

Marshal Stalin in a special Order of the Day late to-night said the Red Army is ready to deal new devastating blows to Germans.

Marshal Stalin said it is not enough to win the war but we must make any future war impossible. We will beat the German Fascists in their lair and hoist the Soviet flag over Berlin in the near future.

Reviewing the blows by which Soviets drove Germans from Russian territory, Marshal Stalin said, that as a result of these operations up to 120 divisions of Germans and their Allies were defeated and put out of action.

The Teheran Conference was not held for nothing. The decision to deal Germany joint blows from the west, south and east was implemented with amazing precision simultaneously with major operations the Red Army on the Soviet Germany front, Allied forces began the invasion of France and organised a powerful outflanking operation which forced Hitlerite Germany to fight on two fronts

"The strength of Soviet patriotism resides not in racial prejudices but in the deep devotion of the people to their Soviet motherland and fraternal collaboration of workers of all nationalities composing our country. The Soviet Union does not drive under the people of our country; it welds them closer together. At the same time the people of the Soviet Union respect the rights and independence of people living beyond our borders and have always shown their readiness to live in peace and friendship with neighbour states. That is the basis of our growing and deepening ties with all freedom loving countries.

Soviet people hate the German invaders not because they are people of a foreign nation but because they brought to our people and all freedom loving peoples countless miseries and sufferings. We have a saying: 'People kill wolves not because they are grey but because they eat sheep' (Very loud applause.)

But the policy of racial hatred pursued by the Hitlerites has become the source of internal and international weakness for the German Fascist state. It is a factor in the disintegration of the criminal Hitlerite bloc.

Germany will, of course, be disarmed after her defeat, economically, militarily and politically. It would, however, be simple minded to think that she will make no attempt to regain her strength and embark on fresh aggression. Everybody knows that German rulers are already preparing for fresh war. History shows that a period of 20 to 30 years is enough for Germany to recover and to restore her to power.

Apart from complete disarmament of aggressor nations there exists the only means—to set up a special organisation for safeguarding the peace of the world and its security consisting of representatives of peace-loving nations, to place at the disposal of the controlling body of such organisation minimum of armed forces required for prevention of aggression and to demand of this organisation immediate application in case necessity of these armed forces to stop or liquidate aggression and punish those guilty of aggression.

This should not be a repetition of the League of Nation's sad memory which had neither the right nor the means to stop aggression. This special international organisation will have at its disposal all that is necessary to protect peace and prevent aggression.

These things will be settled by the great powers who bore the brunt of the glorious task of fighting Germans.

The Red Army is on its final mission. To achieve jointly with the armies of our Allies complete rout of German Fascist forces, to finish off the Fascist beast in its own lair and to hoist the banner of victory over Berlin (prolonged applause).

This problem will be solved at no distant date (prolonged applause).

Marshal Josef Stalin, also addressed the Moscow Soviet on the eve of the 27th anniversary of the October Revolution.

Where Are Sterling Balances Kept?

LONDON, Nov. 7.—Sir John Anderson, Chancellor of the Exchequer, replying to a question by Sir Herbert Williams (Conservative), who asked in what bank or banks Sterling Balances belonging to Empire and Allied countries were kept, stated in the Commons to-day: "I am assured these balances are held of the usual banking correspondents of their owners but it would not be right for me to institute special inquiry with a view to making particulars."—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

FOREBUNNER OF WORLD T.U.C.

LONDON, Nov. 7: The World Trade Union Conference will be held from February 6 to 16, 1945. A preparatory committee comprising of representatives of the British, Soviet and American Trades Unions will meet in London on December 4 next.

AT DUNKIRK

The German Communique today (Tuesday) said the Dunkirk garrison beat off strong attacks launched against the eastern sector.

EDITOR'S SENTENCE REDUCED

HUBLI, Nov. 7: The District and Sessions Judge, Sholapur, delivering judgment in the appeal preferred by Mr. V. B. Naik, editor of "Karnataka Vaibhav" of Bijapur, reduced the sentence to the period already undergone, i.e. seven days Mr. Naik was arrested last November for being found in possession of some objectionable leaflets and was convicted by the City Magistrate to six months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 200 fine.—A. P.

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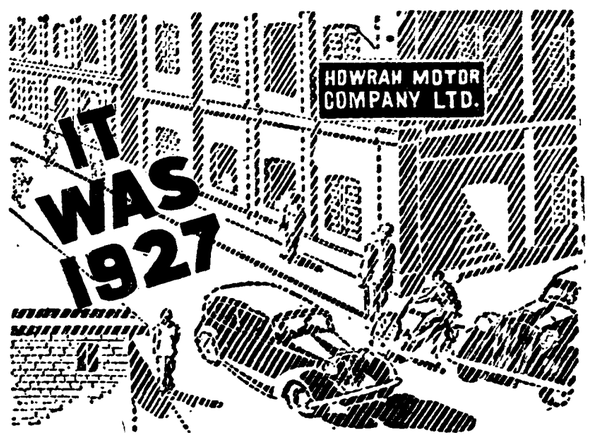

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Consolidation Of Agricultural Holdings

Rural Development Board Approves Draft Bill & Favours Compulsion In Execution Of Scheme

Suggestions for legislation to improve the lot of cultivators were placed before the Bombay Provincial Rural Development Board, which met in the Council Hall, Bombay, on the 6th inst. Sir Henry Knight, Adviser to the Governor, presided.

Professor D. R. Gadgil opened the discussions with an address in which he urged the need for a deliberately integrated programme of social legislation, to go hand in hand with plans for agricultural development, with the object of ensuring that any increment in the agricultural income of the Province which resulted from improvements carried out at public cost is equitably distributed. Development plans, he urged, must not have the effect of making the rich richer, but must benefit the classes who most needed relief—the cultivators themselves.

Professor Gadgil referred to the Chairman's statement, at the Board's last meeting, that plans for development after the war must be carried through by a popular Government, and that the present Government must be content to do the spade-work. The Government at present in power, said Prof. Gadgil, must arm itself with powers to make sure that improvements carried out were properly maintained and exploited, and that the gains resulting were directed into the hands for which they were intended.

A note by Prof. Gadgil, outlining a suggested programme of legislation to secure these objects, was placed before the Board.

In his note, Prof. Gadgil urges the need for legislation to compel property owners to co-operate in plans for common improvement and to maintain and exploit any improvements effected. The Government, he considers, should have power to take over maintenance and exploitation itself, in the event of default by the owner of the property.

Where the full exploitation of improvements necessitates an increase in the size of holdings, Prof. Gadgil favours the consolidation of holdings by legislation, which means to prevent the breaking-up of the consolidated production unit in future.

Planned improvement, Prof. Gadgil holds, is to-day obstructed by legal rights. Now that the State is undertaking a large expenditure of public funds in certain areas, Prof. Gadgil thinks that the State should provide, as a condition precedent to spending the money, that any plans for further improvement or, later, social direction of production will not be similarly hampered in future.

UNEARNED INCREMENT

To secure that the increased income resulting from development works is so distributed as to provide relief to the classes who need it most, Prof. Gadgil emphasizes the necessity of preventing property-holders from gaining unearned increment, either in the shape of capital or income, as a result of the expenditure of public funds. To do this, it would be necessary to ensure that the existing level of incomes from property of those not directly operators are not increased, because of the improvements.

Legislation to liquidate existing usufructuary mortgages in tracts where improvements were undertaken would also be necessary.

Similarly, in the absence of any legislation regulating the activities of money-lenders, public expenditure on improvements would result in enriching this class and strengthening its hold on the land.

Another essential accompaniment to any plan of improvement, urges Prof. Gadgil, is a comprehensive measure of tenancy legislation.

The Board accepted the two points suggested by Prof. Gadgil in his note; namely, that: It is the Government's duty to see that any improvements on land made at the cost of public funds are not allowed to lapse by lack of legislation or lack of watchfulness; and it is the Government's duty to see that undue unearned increment does not accrue to other than those for whose benefit the schemes are designed.

The Board accepted a draft amendment to the Land Improvement Schemes Act regarding rents.

The rough draft of a Bill to provide for the consolidation of agricultural holdings was placed before the Board, which was asked especially for its opinion whether consolidation should be voluntary, as proposed in the draft Bill, or whether, in addition, the Government should have the power to declare its intention of having a scheme of consolidation prepared for a village, and the villagers then consulted; whether, if the Government take power to declare its intention to bring about consolidation, power should be taken to execute the scheme even if less than half the number of holders comprising half of the land agree; and whether there should be any provisions for ensuring, after consolidation has taken place, that any owner who wants to sell his holding, either in whole or in part, should concede the right of pre-emption to the owner of the neighbouring land.

The Board approved the draft Bill, and also considered it necessary that there should be a provision in the Bill for the application of compulsion, where necessary. The Board did not consider it necessary to make a provision in the Bill for a right of pre-emption by adiacent owners.

Sir Charles Bristow, Adviser to the Governor replied to criticisms and accepted a number of modifications in the provisions of the Bill, and promised that the Government would give careful consideration to all suggestions made.

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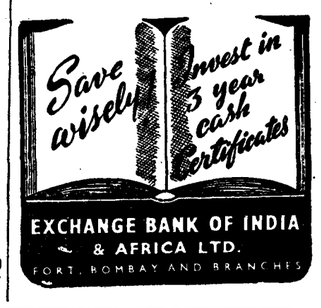

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VERNACULAR JOURNALISTS MUST AGITATE

To Fight For Abolition Of Distinction In Salaries

BENARES, Nov. 6.

Mr. Vidya Bhaskar, Editor of the "AJ" and a member of the Standing Committee of the A. I. N. E. C. in a statement on the recommendations made by the Standing Committee with regard to the emoluments of working journalists says:—

"At the Lahore meeting of the Standing Committee of the A. I. N. E. C. when the resolution recommending remuneration of journalists was read, the Indian languages newspaper members of the Committee strongly opposed the distinction between the salaries of English and Vernacular journalists. But the convener of the Sub-Committee which was appointed to go into and make recommendations for the betterment of working conditions of journalists drew our attention to the fact that the discrimination between the salaries of English and vernacular journalists was made on the representation of a member of the Sub-Committee who was a well-known Hindi journalist.

The Indian languages newspaper editor in the Standing Committee did not press the point further because the resolution was only recommendatory and not in any way mandatory.

It is in the hands of the vernacular journalists, especially Hindi journalists, to agitate for the rectification of the discrimination made due to the recommendations of a Hindi journalist.—A. P.

WHY THIS DISCRIMINATION?

SUARAT, Nov. 6: The Surat Working Journalists' Association passed a resolution protesting against the 'discrimination' made by the Working Committee of the A.I.N.E.C. between the English and Indian Language Journalists regarding their basic salaries.—A. P.

HINDI JOURNALISTS' PROTEST

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 6: The Executive Committee of the Hindi Journalists' Association, Allahabad in a resolution passed yesterday, expressed dissatisfaction at the recommendations of the Standing Committee of the A.I.N.E.C. at its recent meeting held at Lahore The Committee was of the opinion that there should be no discrimination between Indian language and English language journalists, because the work of Indian language journalists was harder than that of the others.

The Committee was further opposed to the hours of work recommended by the Standing Committee of the A.I.N.E.C. and favoured six hours working during day and five hours work at night.—A. P.

FRANCO'S ANXIETY FOR BRITISH SUPPORT

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, Nov. 6.

It is reported that Joze Antonio Sangroniz, Gen. Franco's newly appointed diplomatic representative in France is going to London to confer with British Foreign Office officials.

According to diplomatic circles, Gen. Franco is very anxious for continuation of British support but the "Reynolds News" says, Washington and London made up their minds that Franco cannot last and alternative regime must be found. At the same time neither is inclined to deal with Spanish Republicans. They favour Regency with Don Juan as Franco's successor.

Meanwhile the Congress of Spanish Republicans which met in the week-end at Toulouse adopted a six point programme for getting rid of Franco.

General Fernandez who worked with Maquis against Germans told newspaper "Combat": "We want at any price to avoid incidents which might be embarrassing to France. We are all working together, Left, Right, Catholics, Socialists and Communists victory against Franco. All Spain must decide what she wants; if Republic, it shall be Republic, if monarchy it shall be monarchy.

After Franco is overthrown and finished our first aim will not be to punish but to reconstruct the country devastated by Fascism."

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Sometimes you see a girl in a white tunic with the initials S-J-A-B on her shoulder. She wears a white soft hat, more the sort men wear on a fishing holiday. Who is she? She is a nurse from the St. John's Ambulance Brigade. There are many like her doing all sorts of jobs in nursing. But the need appears to be for more. The sick and wounded men coming back from the fronts need the care and attention that tender hands can give them. At Indian and British military hospitals, women in these white dresses work all day and all night, unknown to the great majority of people in this city. So if you are a young woman of leisure and you feel the urge to do your share towards relieving the suffering of humanity, find out for yourself whether this service of mankind interests you. They give you a course of lectures for the modest sum of one rupee. It teaches you something of nursing—which might come in useful at any time. I am not recruiting nurses. I'm just drawing your attention. That's all.

* * *

Outside the Taj yesterday, around lunchtime, an Indian gharrywala was making a great speech on justice. Someone had jipped him of his fare, a mean thing to do for one who could afford to dine in that comparatively expensive eating house of Bombay. The Pathans on duty kept him at bay, but they could not keep his voice down. He had his two cents worth of say while various lunchers collected to hear him and he left in a huff. Good work, brother. That's what I call freedom of speech. It's more than is enjoyed in many countries of the world.

* * *

Mr. Sabavala of the Taj Mahal had not issued any statement upto the time of going to press.

INDORE PLAYERS TO PLAY IN PENTANGULAR

Permission Given By Maharaja

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Nov. 7.

It is reliably understood that His Highness the Maharaja Holkar has permitted Mushtaque Ali, C. S. Nayudu and C. T. Sarvate to play for the Pentangular Tournament at Bombay as a special case in view of the profits of the Tournament being donated to Gujerat and Khandesh Flood Relief Funds.

RANJI TROPHY MATCH AT INDORE

It is likely that the first round of the East Zone Ranji Trophy Championship between the Holkar State Cricket Association and Bihar Cricket Association will be played at Indore on December 15, 16, 17 and 18.

The Holkar State Cricket Association is proceeding on tour on the 9th inst. at the invitation of the Rajputana Cricket Association to play matches at Ajmer, Udaipur and Jaipur.

ALLAHABAD YOUTHS DEMAND JAWAHARLAL'S RELEASE

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 7: A demand for the release of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who had been the president of the Allahabad Youth League and other members of the Congress Working Committee, was made in a resolution passed by the Allahabad Youth League.

The meeting endorsed the resolutions passed by the Reprsentative Assembly of the U. P. Congressmen and decided to abide by its decision regarding the Communists and Royists and welcomed the decision of the Bombay Provincial Congressmen of organising a volunteer corps of youngmen.—A. P.

Dhobi-damage AGAIN!

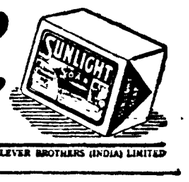
— and everything so expensive

Yes, that dhobi will ruin you, if you let him go on doing this. Think what it's going to cost you—at present prices—to replace the things he tears! You mustn't tolerate his destructive methods any longer. They're not only wasteful—they're unnecessary. Clothing and household linen can be beautifully washed, without the slightest risk of damage, by the Sunlight "Soap-and-Save" method. It's a gentle method—no beating, no hard rubbing. The "self-acting" lather of Sunlight Soap just *lifts* the dirt out of dirty clothes—makes them cleaner and whiter than the dhobi will, and without harming a thread. Explain the simple directions given below to your servant, and do save cloth and your money by having everything Sunlight-washed at home.

TEACH YOUR SERVANT THE SUNLIGHT "SOAP-AND-SAVE" METHOD

1. Thoroughly soak the clothes. This makes the fabric ready for soaping.
2. Rub Sunlight all over the clothes. On particularly dirty places rub Sunlight generously.
3. Gently knead the soap into the clothes. Don't beat. Sunlight's "self-acting" lather will loosen all the dirt from the fabric *and hold it.*
4. Rinse well—rinse out every speck of lather, for the lather now contains the dirt. An extra dirty garment may require another soaping.

SUNLIGHT SOAP SAVES CLOTHES



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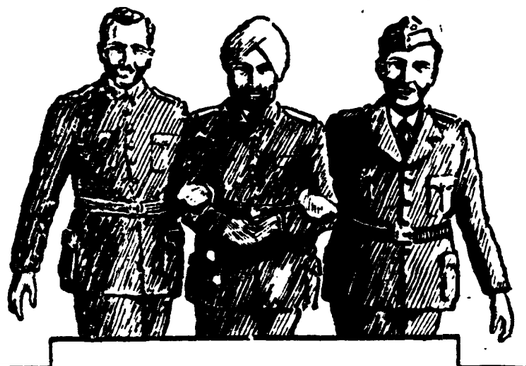
as we do—to defend you



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Our entire plant is working for the war effort. Soon we hope we shall be able to manufacture for you again.

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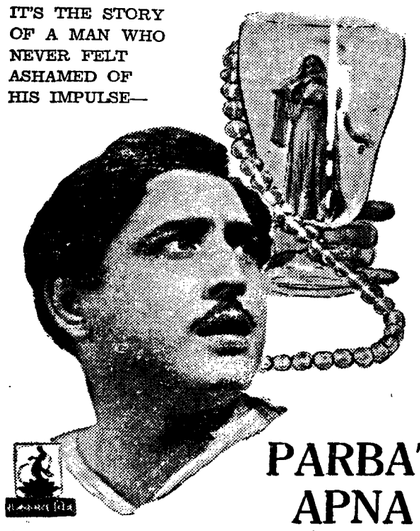

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Direction: KISHORE SHARMA

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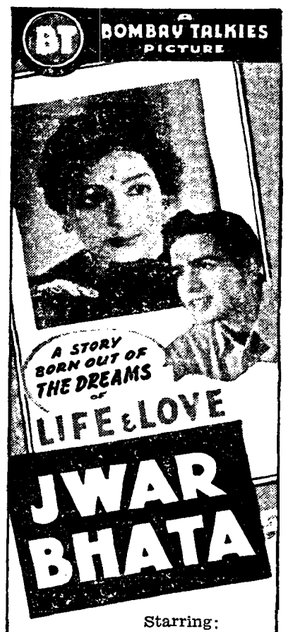

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Director: DWARKA KHOSLA

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4TH WEEK

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.

Sat., Sun., Holidays 1-45 p.m.

Advance Booking: 10 to 12 and 4-30 to 6 p.m.

AN EVERGREEN RELEASE

5TH WEEK OF GLORY

MAZHAR ART PRODUCTIONS'

BARI BAAT

Suvarnalata, Ulhas, Yakub

Producer and Director: MAZHAR KHAN

CAPITOL

Daily: 4, 7, & 9-45 p.m.

Sat., Sun., Holidays 1 p.m.

Advance Booking: 10 to 12 & 3 to 5 p.m.

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Matinees at 1 on Sat. Sun., Holidays

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Featuring the DIAMOND Jubilee Star SHOBHANA with MOTILAL

2ND WEEK OF CROWDS!

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Kartak Vad 8, 2001.
Muslim: Zilkad 21, 1363.
Parsi: Khordad 6, 1314.
Sunrise: 7-42 a.m., Sunset 7-3 p.m.
Hightide: 6-45, 19-07.
Lowtide 13-54, 24-38.
Corporation Standing Committee 2-30 p.m. (B.T.)

To-day's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

"Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column."

NATIONAL WAR FRONT: Propaganda Film on War will be shown to-day at 8 p.m. in the Compound of Maharashtra High School, Lower Parel.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Question and Answer Meeting. Jehangir Wadia Bldg., Flora Fountain, to-day 6-15 p.m.

INSTITUTION OF ENGINEERS: Discussion of the Institution Paper "Post-War Education and Training of Engineering Personnel" by Mr. C. E. Preston to-day at 6 p.m. Mr. T. R. S. Kynnersley, President of the Institution, will open the discussion.

BOMBAY PRESS OWNERS' ASSOCIATION

"On the representation made to the Government by the interests concerned in connection with the Paper Control (Economy) Order 1944, they have been pleased to make certain concessions to the Indian Insurance Companies' Association and Exchange Banks' Association as per which printing presses can do printing work of the members of these two Associations on the basis of the weight of paper consumed by them in 1943. Printing Presses are required to show separately the paper so consumed in printing forms, stationery, registers, etc. in their quarterly returns. Any further information can be had from the Secretary, the Bombay Press Owners' Association, 196-B, Gaiwadi, Bombay 4.

PERIODICAL PUBLISHERS' ASSOCIATION

The following telegram has been sent to the Secretary, Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, Government of India, on behalf of the Periodical Publishers' Association:

"Strongly Urge Additional Release of Paper Enable Periodicals Cover Assembly Proceedings Pray Issue Immediate Orders."

Confirming the above telegram, a precedent is pointed out in regard to the use of additional newsprint by the daily press on previous occasions and the extension of a similar concession to all periodicals using paper other than newsprint is urged.

Mrs. Naidu's Message To The Bombay F. S. U.

Unable to attend the November 7th celebration meeting of the Friends of the Soviet Union, Bombay, which she was invited to address, Smt. Sarojini Naidu, president of the All India F. S.U., has sent the following message on the occasion of the 27th anniversary of the Great October Revolution in Russia:—

"WITH PROUD VICTORIOUS EAGLE'S WINGS UNFURLED MAY THE SOVIET UNION EVER GUARD THE SKIES OF FREEDOM."

The cable that brought this message is now exhibited at the exhibition, entitled "Soviet Cameraman At War", organised by the Bombay F.S.U. in celebration of the 27th anniversary of the Russian Revolution, at the Cama Institute Hall (Modi Hall), Museum East, Fort. Opened on Monday evening by Poet Harindranath Chattopadhyaya this exhibition will continue till Friday the 10th inst. and will remain open daily from 12 noon to 9 p.m.

"Guru Nanak Jayanti"

Mr. S. K. Patil, leader of the Congress Party in the Bombay Municipal Corporation, presided over a public meeting in honour of Guru Nanak's 476th birth anniversary held in the Khalsa College Hall, Matunga, and organised by Shri Guru Singh Sabha, Bombay. He paid glowing tribute to the Sikh people for their unbroken record of service in the cause of Indian freedom and said "though a slight difference of opinion had, of late, been noticed, the Congress and the Indian people cannot forget the glorious services (far above the proportion of their numbers in the country) rendered by the Sikh masses under the distinguished leadership of men like Master Tara Singh, and no passing differences could separate true comrades-in-arms."

Mr. Joachim Alva, Editor, "Forum" Bombay, said if the maxim "A tree is to be judged by its fruits" were applied to the Sikhs, he could say they were acquitting themselves well.

Mr. Adam Adil, and Sahibzada Qureshi Sarhadi, also paid their tributes to Guru Nanak. Prof. Sodhi, S. Amrik Singh and S. Jaswant Singh also spoke.

Earl Of Strathmore Dead

EDINBURGH, Nov. 7: The Earl of Strathmore, father of Her Majesty the Queen, died at Glamis Castle, Angus, early today, aged 83.

Lord Strathmore had been ill for about a month and his illness took a serious turn at the weekend. The news of her father's death was conveyed to the Queen, his youngest daughter, early today. The death followed that of Princess Beatrice great aunt of the King, less than a fortnight ago.

TODAY ON RADIO

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 8.

BOMBAY—1,

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8-0 a.m. News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Niwruttibuwa Sarnaik 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 To-morrow 9-15 Tarabai (Bharatpur) 9-30 Instr. Melodies.

12-30 p.m. Songs (G) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Break for Lunch (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 5-0 T. Shevalkar: Vocal music 5-20 Violin 5-35 Tarabai (Bharatpur) 5-55 Locals 6-0 For Children (M) 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 News Commentary (H) 6-50 Cello 7-0 Pasa Palat Gaya (2) (H) 7-15 I. Shevalkar 7-30 Sitak Vadan 7-45 Music from Film 8-0 Jugalbilal Vaishnav 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Radio Reconnaissance 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-45 To Be Announced 10-0 A. I. R. Orchestra 10-20 Niwruttibuwa Sarnaik.

BOMBAY, Nov. 7.

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity with its epicentre about 1,005 miles away from Bombay was recorded by the seismographs in the Colaba Observatory at 12-30 p.m. I. S. T., on Monday, November 6th.—A. P.

THREAT OF U. S. UNLOADING COTTON STOCK ON WORLD

Subsidy Proposals Will Hit India's Interests: Does It Presage Return To Trade Barriers?

The following statement is issued by Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas:—

"The effect in India of the announcement of U. S. subsidy proposals for cotton was a rapid decline in the Indian cotton (hedge) contract price from Rs. 425 to Rs. 392, the decline reflecting the grave view taken by Indian trade of the implied threat to their export markets. The value of those markets is shown by the fact that during the six cotton seasons prior to this war India exported 55% of her average cotton production over that period, and, following the closure of export markets, the Indian carry-over increased from 1,062,000 bales on 31st August 1939 to approximately 4,000,000 bales in August of this year.

While it is realised that under the loan programmes the U.S. Government have accumulated a large cotton surplus which can be liquidated only by export, and, further, that the establishment of a high domestic price is within the rights of the U.S Government, the policy of heavily subsidised exports is bound to have disastrous effects on the Indian farmer who gets little more than a bare subsistence income from his cotton crops, compared with the parity price obtained by the American farmer. The additional burden of having to compete in international markets with U.S. cotton subsidized by the tremendous resources of the U.S Government is one which leaves little comfort for India in remembering that the U.S. plan is to sell at and not under world levels. Any attempt to do so by means of subsidies rather than on the basis of equal trading would inevitably mean a downward price spiral.

BACK TO TRADE BARRIERS?

Safeguarding the U.S. cotton farmer and the textile industry by subsidising exports must create a position in which it is difficult to visualise all the consequences and complications which might arise from the use of the financial power of a country in this manner in international trade. India feels that if financial resources are to be the over-riding factor in claiming a share of export markets, the inevitable result will be a return to the vicious circle of trade barriers, which were the cause of such acute economic distress and political turmoil during the thirties, and it is hoped that some less disruptive solution will be found.

I have no doubt that the Government of India must already have drawn the attention of the Secretary of State for India to this potential danger indicated by the U.S. proposals, and further that both the Government of India and the Indian Legislature would be prepared to consider any suggestion which gives promise of helping cotton-growers not only of one country but of all cotton-growing countries in the world.

Regarding the large stock held by the U.S.A., they will have to exercise considerable patience before they can unload this on the world, particularly at a time when the economic factors affecting any such operation may spell most unexpected disaster to the economy of countries less equipped with either monetary resources or with statistical data and economic organizations to enforce any particular line of action not fully suitable to their conditions."

RADHAKRISHNAN SUPPORTS HINDU LAW REFORM

CALCUTTA, Nov. 7.—Sir Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan, addressing a meeting organised by the Asutosh College Girl Student's Union to-day to discuss the Rao Bill, said that if the Hindu Society had persisted till to-day, it was to no small extent due to its capacity for change. Resistance to change was the mark of dead or dying civilisations and readiness to change of live ones. If the Bill exalted the ideal of monogamy, it was in line with the Indian tradition.

He argued that it was not fair to hold that the individual was only a means to society. Such was the faith of Totalitarianism which they were fighting today. Hinduism asserted the equality of rights of all individuals, high or low, male or female, in the matter of their spiritual destiny and its tradition allowed women to remain unmarried and realise their spiritual possibilities, as there were so many "Brahmavadinis." It was only fair, he said, that they should have a claim on the property of their fathers.

Mr. Ramaprosad Mookerjee and Mrs. Saudamini Mehta also spoke in support of the bill.

The meeting adopted a resolution maintaining that the ideals of monogamy and liberal claim for unmarried daughters on father's property, aimed at by the Rao Committee, were desirable and acceptable to them, and if proper measures were framed to implement these objectives, the Hindu Society would be the gainer.—A.P.

Sir Cecil Blackwell Dead

DURBAN, Nov. 7: The death has occurred of Sir Cecil Patrick Blackwell, as the result of a fall from the third storey of a Durban hotel. He came to South Africa from India with Lady Blackwell about two years ago.—Reuter.

Savarkar Defends Mahasabha's Stand

BOMBAY, Nov. 7

"I categorically state that the charges which the Mahasabha has been levelling against Sir Mirza Ismail and the Jaipur Government and the resolutions it has passed based on those charges are well founded, correct and justified."

Thus observes Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha in a statement issued to-day.

Mr. Savarkar appeals to the Maharaja of Jaipur to declare once more that the Nagari Hindi is a State language, rescind the order stated to have been issued by Sir Mirza Ismail making it compulsory for every entrant to the Civil Department to pass an examination in Urdu, and to remove Sir Mirza from the post. He concludes by exhorting the Hindus of Jaipur to boycott Urdu till these demands are granted by the Maharaja.—United Press.

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 7.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at nine hours I.M.T. on 4-11-44:—

Allahabad 89 66 0; Bombay 88 73 0; Calcutta 91 72 0; Cawnpore 89 63 0; Cuttack 91 72 T; Darjeeling 56 44 0; Delhi 88 56 0; Dehra Dun 75 50 0; Jacobabad 92 55 0; Karachi 90 68 0; Lahore 85 55 0; Lucknow 90 63 0; Madras 90 77 0; Nagpur 90 64 0; Patna 89 70 0; Peshawar 77 50 0; Shillong 66 50 0; Simla 54-42 0.3—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

It is not easy to say which is more difficult to deal with—economic vested interests or religious vested interests. Both these series of vested interests want to maintain the 'status quo' and are opponents of change. The path of the real reformer is thus a difficult one.

—Jawaharlal Nehru.

The Bombay Chronicle

AN HISTORIC DEBATE

The debate in the Central Assembly on the position of Indians in South Africa was extraordinary in many respects. Rarely had there been in the past such unanimity on a grave issue as was displayed throughout the debate. The speeches were also more outspoken than ever before. Never before had a member of the Government ventured to say of a Commonwealth Government what Dr. Khare said of South Africa: "I wish that India was in a position to declare war against South Africa here and now. Had it been, I assure the House I would have lost no time in taking an army and being in the forefront of the field myself." The speech of another Government Member, Sir Sultan Ahmed, was at least as frightful. In reply to a remark by Sir Frederick James, Leader of the European Group, that economic sanctions by India might affect war efforts, Sir Sultan declared: "Of course they will. But who is responsible for this? If South Africa is responsible, I suggest to His Majesty's Government, to the United Nations, to go to South Africa and tell them to be reasonable". And referring to Sir Frederick's fear that India cannot do without South African wattle bark Sir Sultan brought the House down with his remark: "India can, for the simple reason that nine-tenths of the population do not use boots or shoes and the remaining one-tenth can manage, and if they had to walk barefoot they are prepared for it." Words may not break bones. But it is something, indeed, that Indian members of the "subordinate branch" of the British Government should make bold to say such things with reference to a free Commonwealth Government.

When Government members gave such a lead, it was but natural that the non-official Indian speakers should be even more outspoken. Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, Deputy Leader of the Muslim League Party, was in his most challenging mood when he said: "He did not care for the war effort and the Commonwealth of Nations, if his position in that Commonwealth was to be that of a hewer of wood and drawer of water"—or when he added: "The Government of India should tell His Majesty's Government it is a fit case for their intervention and if His Majesty's Government will not put pressure on the Government of South Africa then this Government, if it has any responsibility to the people of this land, should tell them that India will not give any help in the prosecution of the war." Mr. Bhulabhai Desai skilfully developed this point and said that "freedom and equality in the brotherhood of mankind" ought to be the real issues of the war. If not, he asked, quoting the Nawabzada, what did it matter to Indians what happened in this war? Indians will refuse to help, he said, in a policy in which the South Africans are "to be flattered and fattened in order that we may bleed and be fleeced for them". Altogether, the debate was perhaps the most outspoken one in the history of the Assembly. It was, indeed, historic. It amply displays the new spirit that is stirring the country.

As regards further action to be taken by the Government of India, it seems certain the High Commissioner in South Africa will be recalled very soon. It is now known that he was not at all consulted when the Natal Government considered the details of the new Government legislation. Even the Leader of the European Group agreed that the recall of the High Commissioner would be justified by the way in which he had been treated in the present measures. It is certainly undesirable for the Government of India to wait till the Commissioner is, in the words of Sir Raza Ali, himself a former High Commissioner, virtually kicked out by the Union Government. As for economic sanctions, they are, by general consent, the only measures that can make any effective impression on the Union Government. And when the Commonwealth Relations Member feels like declaring war on South Africa, we do not see why he should boggle at economic sanctions. It is true that an economic war between Powers on the same side in the world war is most unedifying and may hinder war effort. But the right remedy, as pointed out by Sir Sultan Ahmed, is for the British Government to intervene and get the Union Government to be just and reasonable towards an Ally.

Striking Statement

Marshal Stalin rarely makes a public speech. When he does he says important things. His latest speech on the occasion of the anniversary of the Russian Revolution is characterised by the fact that one statement in it is exceptionally striking. It concerns, of course, Japan. Russia is neutral in the war in which her allies are engaged against Japan. There is also a treaty of friendship between Japan and Russia which both have respected with scrupulous correctness. But now Marshal Stalin has come out with what amounts to an open denunciation of Japan as an aggressor nation. The Russian leader has, in fact, pointedly placed the Japanese in the same camp with the Germans not only as aggressor but also in regard to the treatment that should be meted out to aggressors in order to punish them and to protect future peace. Marshal Stalin's references to Japan were deliberate, which confirms reports of an Anglo-American understanding with Russia and provokes speculation as to the possibility of an impending change in Russian policy in the Far East.

Another important point made by Marshal Stalin was in respect of "the solidity of the front of the United Nations". He hoped that the front which held so well in war would hold in peace, too. The noticeable thing about this part of Marshal Stalin's speech was optimism. He approved of the Dumbarton Oaks plan and, paraphrasing Mr. Churchill in regard to the existence of differences between the Big Three, said: "What is surprising is not that there are differences but that there are so few of them and that they are almost always overcome, thanks to unity and co-ordinated action of the great Powers". That there are differences and some of them quite srious, too, is a fact. But if there does exist the spirit of accommodation mentioned by Marshal Stalin, the prospects for the future are encouraging, at least for Europe.

There is one other point which we should like to note. While speaking of the patriotism of the Soviet people and the conditions of fraternity and equality obtaining among them, Marshal Stalin asserted that "at the same time the people of the Soviet Union respect the rights and independence of people living beyond our borders and have always shown their readiness to live in peace and friendship with neighbour States." We earnestly hope this assurance is forthwith translated into practice in the case of Iran.

Frankly Speaking

New Threat To Palestine

Another step forward has been taken in Britain in the campaign to influence the peace conference and zionise Palestine. The intention has been made unblushingly obvious. As Reuters report, "an important new unofficial organisation to promote the transformation of Palestine into a self-governing Jewish State with Dominion Status has been formed under the presidentship of Lord Strabolgi." It is interesting to note that the organisation has been inspired by "the influential Jewish community in South Africa" the country of General Smuts. But more significant is the representative character of its leaders. Lord Strabolgi is a prominent Labour leader, Sir Patrick Hannon, a Conservative M.P., is one of the leaders of the Federation of British Industries, and Sir Philip Chetwode is a veteran military leader, known to India also as an ex-Commander-in-Chief.

Indian Muslims' Duty

There are others whose names are not given. But it is clear that "the Jewish Dominion of Palestine League" is going to secure powerful support from all interests in Britain. It is also clear that the intention to establish branches of the League throughout the British Empire and to propagate its evil object effectively is not an idle or impracticable ambition. The grave danger to the Arabs and Palestine has been considerably increased by the formation of this League. It is a serious challenge that has to be taken up immediately. The Arabs of Palestine and other Middle East countries can be counted upon doing their duty. They are already acutely conscious of it. But an urgent duty devolves particularly on the Muslims of the British Empire, too. Here is something which the Muslim League and other Muslim organisations must take up jointly regardless of their domestic difference and must take up immediately lest history accuse them of betraying the Arabs of Palestine.

A New Name

In a talk over the B.B.C. on industrial development, Sir Miles Thomas has preached an excellent precept that India should no longer be "a sponge for absorbing the output of Britain and America or other highly industrialised countries" but should develop her own industries. But even now Britain's practice is little calculated to help Indian industries permanently. Sir Miles himself suggests for India a new kind of dependence on Britain. "In the past", he says, "too many people have looked upon India as a place to get something out instead of a place into which you put a certain amount of money and a great deal of knowledge to develop and bring forth its fruits." Here is, to our mind, a clear suggestion that India should borrow British capital and British technical advice. Only, instead of using the old-fashioned but accurate expression "exploit" he uses the term "develop". However, free India will know how best to secure the necessary capital and technical guidance.

Boycott It

In urging the boycott of the Pentangular Cricket Tournament, the President and the Secretary of the B. P. C. C. are voicing the feeling of numerous persons in the city and the country. Communalism in cricket, as in many other things, has acted as an insiduous poison and it must be ended forthwith. If a communal tournament is wrong, it cannot be made right by the concession that a part or whole of the profit may be utilised for charity. The concession is only a bait to tempt and deceive unthinking people. All this is obvious. But the power of a custom or tradition is great, and to counteract it an elaborate and carefully thought out propaganda is necessary. Those who are earnest about the suggested boycott should bestir themselves betimes.

Viramgam Customs Cordon

The growing opposition to the nefarious Viramgam-Cordon has not opened the eyes of the authorities concerned. The Cordon has begun to oppress the passengers with a vengeance. The behaviour of the customs department has become objectionable. Men, women and children are subjected to extreme hardships. It is a challenge to the honour and self-respect of the people of Kathiawar. It is gratifying to see that the Gujarati press has started a campaign to remove this bane. Meetings should be held all over Kathiawar to denounce the rude behaviour of the authorities.

M. H. VAISHNAV.

Nichibari,
Junagad.

A. I. R. Music Programmes

The A.I.R. broadcast the folk-songs of the North-West Frontier on Sunday, November 5. There is going to be a series of such folk-song programmes on every Sunday. It is a praiseworthy idea. But I would like to know whether these folk-songs are really sung as they are sung by the 'folks'. The method of singing is the life-breath of the folk-songs. I am tempted to question the AIR authorities whether the folk-songs they broadcast recently were really sung as in the N.W.F. I had the good fortune to study in the U.S.S.R. the folk-songs of the Muslim countries bordering the N.W.F. In the broadcast programme I detected at least three songs which I believe had no folk-song melody. I am open to correction. But if I am right I would suggest the AIR that they should announce that these folk-songs are not real folk-songs.

The folk-songs of India, nay the folk-songs of any country, should be treasured and brought to the people in the natural form. The AIR, I presume must be in possession of recording-vans. I therefore suggest that these vans should be used in recording the real folk-music of India and the listeners should be given the opportunity of hearing them.

In the U.S.S.R. and in Germany folk-songs form an important subject of study in the universities. In Leningrad there is an institute for folk-songs which specialises in publication and recording of folk-song heritage. Probably under present conditions such an ambitious scheme is out of question in India. But what we can do, we must do with sincerity, perseverance and real interest.

Will the AIR make a sincere attempt?

D. G. TENDULKAR.

WEDDING OF KANU GANDHI

WARDHA, Nov. 7.

The marriage ceremony of Kanu Gandhi with Abha Devi took place in a simply decorated pandal of mango leaves before the Kasturba hut. "Kanyadan" was performed by Mr. Shantikumar Morarji and his wife Mrs. Sumatibai Morarji. Mr. Ravi Shanker Purohit chanted Vedic "mantras" according to the book of Kaka Kalelkar. Mahatma Gandhi, Dr. Syed Mahmud, Mr. G. D. Birla, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. B. G. Kher, Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Mr. Hathi Singh and others were present and blessed the couple. Numerous messages were received among them being those from Rajaji and Dr. Gilder.—United Press.

Governor Opens Ward In Military Hospital

GANESHKHIND, Nov. 6.

The Earl of Munster, Major-General H. V. Lewis, Mr. L. K. Wakely and Major Miyaj-ud-Din arrived at Government House.

The Governor of Bombay accompanied by Lady Colville opened a ward in a British military hospital equipped by Mr. Fazal I. Rahimtoola, C. I. E. in memory of his father, the late Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, G. B. E., K. C. S. I.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Colville entertained Indian soldier patients of two Indian military hospitals at the Bikaner Stadium.—A. P.

Procurement Policy In Paddy-growing Areas

Peoples' Food Council Advocates Graded Levy Or Voluntary Sale And Purchase

Resolutions dealing with the procurement policy of the Government, supply of consumer goods and distribution arrangements in rural areas were passed at a meeting of the Peoples' Provincial Food Council held at the Corporation Hall on Tuesday.

Mr. M. R. Masani, Chairman of the Council who presided, reviewing the food situation in the province said that while their worst fears had fortunately not come true during the last three months, the position by no means justified complacency or self-satisfaction. As unrationed food like vegetables and milk were not within the purchasing power of the common people, the bulk of the people outside the cities and towns were going on half rations. The distribution was not equitable. While people outside the urban areas got less than one lb per day, manual workers in cities were getting a lb. and a half. This acute mal-nutrition constituted a menace to the health and efficiency of the next generation of Indians.

Continuing, Mr. Masani said that the twin evils from which most of our troubles arose—inflation and failure to provide adequate imports of food—still continue. The expansion of currency had again assumed alarming proportions, working out at a crore a day during the three weeks, from September 29 to October 20. Imports of food grains so far were not quite half of the million and half tons stipulated by the Foodgrains Policy Committee.

Stating that India's food problem was a long-range one, Mr. Masani said that the Bombay Government's plan for the future of the countryside needed to be carefully studied and analysed, from the point of view of increased production. He stated that the ignoring of the fundamental problem of land tenure raised serious doubts about the potentialities of the scheme.

PADDY PROCUREMENT

A note on the procurement policy in the paddy growing areas presented by Mr. Dinkar Desai and seconded by Mr. B. R. Rana, was adopted by the Council. The central thesis of the note was that there should either be a graded levy scheme for the paddy producing areas of that there should be voluntary sale and purchase, the Government retaining a monopoly in food grains. The note also urged the raising of the exemption limit for compulsory levy from holders of two acres to holders of three acres for Thana and Kolaba, 3.5 acres for Kanara and four acres for Ratnagiri district.

The Council also adopted a resolution regarding the procurement policy for other than paddy-growing areas. It was moved by Mr. Indulal Yajnik and seconded by Mr. R. S. Hukkerikar. The resolution drew attention to the fact that there was no declared policy in this respect, pointed out that due to excessive rains or scanty rains, crop conditions were not favourable in certain areas, urged the increase in the quota of imported food grains and suggested better godown facilities.

Another resolution moved by Mr. Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtoola and seconded by Mr. S. R. Bhagwati drew attention to the unsatisfactory situation in the rural areas of the province with regard to the supply and distribution of jaggery, sugar, kerosene and cloth. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. M. A. Bhaiji moved and Mr. V. D. Chitale seconded a resolution on distribution arrangements. It urged the allotment of half of adult rations for children under two and drew attention to the bad quality of grains, to the forcing of certain grains on populations who were not accustomed to it and to a grave instance of alleged favouritism shown to Government servants in the distribution of grains in Yellapur taluka of North Kanara districts and asked for a redressal of all these grievances.

The resolution was passed.

India Must Resist Policy Of Segregation

(BY MANILAL GANDHI)

The Residential Property Regulation Draft Ordinance which is being rushed through the Natal Provincial Council post haste has created a great deal of consternation among Indians in South Africa and indignation throughout India. This new Draft Ordinance is to replace the Natal Occupation Control Ordinance which had resulted from the so-called Pretoria Agreement. So we had first the "Pegging" Act, passed by the Union Parliament, which aimed at establishing separate areas for Indians outside which they may neither reside nor occupy nor acquire ownership of landed property. This Act was condemned and rejected *in toto* by the Indian community as establishing the principle of statutory segregation thereby committing a flagrant breach of the Cape Town Agreement both in the letter and in spirit. Later certain leaders of the Natal Indian Congress succumbed to the temptation of safeguarding vested interests and showed their preparedness to sacrifice a long cherished principle for a few paltry material gains and entered into the so-called Pretoria Agreement with General Smuts, the Prime Minister of the Union, just on the eve of the latter's departure for England to attend the Conference of the Dominion Prime Ministers. I call this Agreement so, because it was entered into without the knowledge and consent of the Indian community whose rights were being sacrificed. Under the Pretoria Agreement the destiny of two hundred thousand Natal Indians was placed in the hands of the Natal Provincial Council, though they were supposed to be Union nationals. In reality, however, they are not accepted as such. Aliens such as the Jews, the Greeks, the Syrians, the French Creoles and even Germans are full-fledged Union nationals enjoying full rights of citizenship and an equal voice in the democratic Government of the country but not Indians though they are British subjects. They are being sat upon to-day in Natal particularly, not by the Boers but by the British who have always evinced more respect for the Union Jack than for the Union Flag. This is the tragedy of the whole thing. This is, however, by the way.

New Features

Coming to the point at issue, the Draft Occupation Control Ordinance which was the outcome of the Pretoria Agreement was to be a provincial legislation aimed at putting into effect the segregation part of the Pegging Act and restoring to the Indian community, the right of acquiring ownership of landed property outside segregated areas for investment purposes only. This concession purchased by Indians at a very heavy price did not satisfy the anti-Indian Europeans who carried on a strong agitation and the present Residential Property Regulation Draft Ordinance is the outcome of that agitation.

The new features introduced in this Ordinance are (1) that even for investment purposes Indians will have only restricted rights to own landed property outside segregated areas and (2) that the Ordinance will apply not only to Durban but to the whole province. There was provision, however, in the Draft Occupation Control Ordinance for it, too, is to be applied to other parts of the Province if found necessary. So the difference in the present Ordinance is one of degree, which has led the Indian community to take exception to it and to declare it as constituting a breach of the Pretoria Agreement. There is no doubt that if there were no unscrupulous Europeans, to sell the Indians there would have been no greedy Indians to purchase properties in European localities and the introduction in the new Ordinance of the intervention of the Housing Board in the transactions of such properties is to afford protection against such unscrupulous European sellers.

Pegging Act—Root Evil

The point that India has to consider, however, is not whether the present Ordinance is better or worse than the one drafted under the Pretoria Agreement. It is the principle underlying it—establishing of the policy of statutory segregation. The "Pegging" Act is the root evil and it should be clearly understood that it is to remain on the Statute Book for emergency purposes. Its application will be withdrawn to the extent that the proposed Ordinance succeeds in achieving the object desired. No sooner does it fail to do so then the "Pegging" Act may at any moment be put into force. The position today is that the principle has been sacrificed and in our over-anxiety to grab whatever material interests we possess we are losing ground inch by inch. In my humble opinion and I have no doubt it is the opinion of all those Indians in South Africa who are viewing this question not from the narrow materialistic point, but from the point of view of national self-respect, it is the duty of the Government of India and it is the duty of the people of India to bring pressure upon the Government of India to view the question from the broader point of view of India's national honour. If Indian nationals in South Africa are not willing to view the question from that standpoint and are prepared to sacrifice their souls for petty material gains, then they have no right to look to India for any help. They are spoiling the fair name of their motherland and they should be allowed to look after themselves as best they can. India can and should look after the needs of Indians outside India, consistently with her national honour. She cannot under any circumstances sacrifice that.

Smuts' Policy

What India has to consider, therefore, is whether the 1927 Cape Town Agreement has any meaning at all. Recent history of Indians in South Africa tells us that it has been treated as a scrap of paper by the Union Government. Its very basis was that India was opposed to the principle of statutory segregation and that those Indians born and domiciled in South Africa who are prepared to adopt the western standard of life shall be treated as nationals, allowed to stay there as self-respecting citizens and afforded every opportunity for their upliftment. That was the spirit of the Cape Town Agreement. It is now being said that it is not the labouring class but the more affluent section of the community that is a menace and that separate areas for them should be established where they could reside, trade and expand. In other words as long as Indians remain 'hewers of wood and drawers of water', they can be tolerated but not if they stand equal with the South African Whites. Speaking to the Transvaal Provincial Congress United Party in Johannesburg, General Smuts is reported to have said: "White South Africa is big, strong and honest enough to do justice to all races and all colours and we shall do so taking into consideration our known attitude of separatism in housing work circles and associations." This clearly means that the Prime Minister supports residential and industrial segregation which is entirely contrary to the spirit and the letter of the Cape Town Agreement. The recent reports from South Africa go to show that the Union authorities are determined to establish the policy of segregation by means of a series of Ordinances and under the cloak of Town Planning Scheme not only in Natal but throughout South Africa. The Commissioner for Immigration and Asiatic Affairs is reported to have stated recently that "Asiatics will not have segregation but we have to achieve the same end by laying out land for their occupation and not calling it segregation." It has also been reported that several miles away from Johannesburg city it is proposed to establish an Indian township. This is a serious matter and it should be tackled by India at its very root. It needs to be remembered that these things are being done just when a Judicial Commission is still engaged in inquiring into the whole Indian question in Natal in all its aspects.

What does all this mean if not utter disregard for the feelings and sentiments not only of the voteless and voiceless two hundred and fifty thousand Indians of South Africa but also of the four hundred million people of India? Something more than indulging in empty talk of applying sanctions against the wrong-doer is needed. Such talk without effective action only makes matters worse for the Indian settlers in South Africa. Immediate steps should be taken to review the Cape Town Agreement and if it is proved that it is, as it appears to be, but a scrap of paper there is no purpose in maintaining the Indian High Commissioner's Office in that country. The ten thousand odd pounds wasted in maintaining it could be put to much better use. The High Commissioner should be forthwith recalled as a protest against this wanton insult to the national honour of India. The Indian Congress in South Africa had unanimously passed a resolution calling upon the Indian Government to recall the High Commissioner but the Indian Government has ignored the voice of the Congress. Apart from being a lucrative post for the Government's favoured ones the High Commissioner's Office serves no purpose at all. India is under a foreign Government, and until she gets her freedom, the position of Indians settled in other parts of the British Empire will continue to deteriorate. The Japanese who are Asiatics—and the racial laws of the Union of South Africa apply equally to all Asiatics—were given preferential treatment prior to the war and the Chinese are given preferential treatment at present, on the ground that China is a powerful ally of the British Empire. The British Government is vocal enough in praising India's war efforts but where her rights and self-respect are concerned, India is made to understand that she is but a handmaid of the Empire and that Britain cannot be expected to stand by her against a self-governing Dominion.

Pakistan Economics

Not Capitalistic, But Islamic

NEW DELHI, Nov. 7

Addressing the All-India Muslim League Planning Committee, Mr. M. A. Jinnah said:—"The Muslim League is mainly a political body, but we cannot separate different departments of our national life into water-tight compartments and keep things like education, social welfare, etc., outside our scope. So, we had to take up the question of organising Mussalmans in the economic sphere. I think we can safely claim that we have organised Mussalmans fairly well politically. There is a great deal to be done yet, but in the field of politics, the Muslim League organisation can stand on its own legs and is capable of carrying on its work. In the department of economic life, however, we were at the zero point. It is a matter which has been occupying our attention for some time, and wherever I went I suggested to Mussalmans who came to see me, that they should establish a Muslim Chamber of Commerce at the earliest possible opportunity."

The result, Mr. Jinnah added, had been that in almost all important provinces they had got Muslim Chambers of Commerce, and he was glad that they had decided to combine in a Federation of the Muslim Chambers of Commerce.

Speaking of the Pakistan areas, Mr. Jinnah said "There are some people who say that the Pakistan areas are more or less devoid of mineral resources and that commercially, we shall not be able to exist. Thus the Hindu press keeps on telling us that the Muslims would be the biggest sufferers by the establishment of Pakistan. They would even go further and would like to persuade us that the Pakistan states would be bankrupt. That is not true. On the other hand, there are people who tell us that it is all nonsense and that we have very large deposits of petroleum, coal, iron ore and other minerals in the Pakistan areas. I do not accept one view or the other in its exaggerated form. All I can say, as a layman, is that in my opinion Pakistan will not be bankrupt. It will be a powerful state—though it may not be as rich as Hindustan."

Speaking of their ideal, Mr. Jinnah said that it was not their purpose to make the rich richer and to accelerate the process of the accumulation of wealth in the hands of a few individuals. They should aim at levelling up the general standard of living amongst the masses. Their ideal should not be capitalistic but Islamic, and the interests and welfare of the people as a whole should be kept constantly in mind.—A. P.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"I wish that India was in a position to declare war against South Africa here and now. Had it been, I assure the house I would have lost no time in taking an army and being in the forefront of the field myself."

The Hon Dr. N. B. Khare in the Central Assembly.

* * *

Horrible, horrible. But the Hon. Dr. N. B. Khare was not the only Indian to talk dangerous and outrageous sedition and treason. Almost every compatriot of his and even an Hon. colleague committed shocking breaches of the Defence of India Rules and even openly prejudiced the war effort.

We really think that even though Lord Linlithgow and Sir Reginald Maxwell have quitted India, Sir Richard Tottenham should secure the help and approval of Lord Wavell and Sir Francis Mudie to bring out a pamphlet exposing the open rebellion of Sir Sultan Ahmad and Dr. N. B. Khare and put them in an internment camp. But not in Ahmednagar.

* * *

Leaving the Hon. Gentlemen's direct dereliction of duty, patriotism etc. into the well-tried hands of Sir Richard Tottenham, we must we think, record our regret at Sir Sultan Ahmad's outburst against Sir Frederick James.

In fairness to Sir Frederick what else could a gracious European advise the coloured Nations of India than that they should humbly "appeal" to the Whites of South Africa?

* * *

Speaking on the Anniversary of the Revolution, Marshal Stalin mentioned Japan as an aggressor nation and bracketted her with Germany.

Perhaps, it's just a trick of memory. But we thought the aggression and the instances quoted by the Marshal specifically all occurred some three years ago.

* * *

By the way, Marshal Stalin has also for the first time in recent years spoken disparagingly of Imperialism.

But it was "Hitlerite Imperialism." And quite rightly, too. After all there is Imperialism and Imperialism—and neo-Imperialism.

* * *

Declaring that a special International National organisation would protect peace and prevent aggression with the necessary resources, Marshal Stalin said: "These things will be settled by the great powers who bore the brunt of the glorious task of fighting the Germans."

And not the other aggressor, the Japanese?

* * *

Talking of the solidity of the United Nations front, particularly in Anglo-Russo-American relations Marshal Stalin said: "What is surprising is not that there are differences but that there are so few of them."

We fully agree.

* * *

Explaining the sources of the strength of Soviet patriotism, Marshal Stalin emphasised that "at the same time the people of the Soviet Union respect the rights and independence of people living beyond our borders...."

Let us murmur something like Amen!

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

A thoughtless man loses a lot of time when he hurries.

* * *

Lots of people complain from a mere haze of complaining.

* * *

The man who gives himself away frequently isn't necessarily charitable.

* * *

The more a man gets the more he wants—unless a police judge is dealing it out.

* * *

The average woman's ideal hero is a man who will eat a cold dinner without grumbling about it.

* * *

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WHEAT RATION IN BOMBAY

From November 12, ration card holders and permit holders in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District will be able to get wheat upto 100 per cent of the entire ration. An adult can get a payli of wheat per week if he so desires, instead of 3/4th payli that he gets at present. In that case, of course, he will not be able to draw any other rationed cereal.

INSANITY

Hysteria, epilepsy, insomnia, violentmania, blood pressure, mental and nervous disorders are now treated by doctors with

LUNEGON

A high-grade ethical product with an open formula, which contains no dangerous drugs. Quick in action, easy to use. Bottle of 50 tablets Rs. 4 at all chemists-free literature from:

HERING & KENT,
P. O. Box 323 (B. C. B.)
Opp. Lloyd's Bank
261-63 Hornby Road, Bombay.
Phone: 24297
Stockists: P. M. Zaveri & Co., Princess St. Bombay 2.

Realising Sales On Stock Exchange

Bullion Steady But Cotton Prices Rally After Early Drop

BOMBAY, November 7.

The local Share Bazar at one time in day's session displayed weak tone on general realising sales, but lower levels attracted short covering and quotations recovered a portion of the loss.

Bullion market was fairly firm with routine settlement firmness. Shorts were again caught and the market was steady.

Cotton was active and heavy selling pressure depressed prices but the decline in the market found enough support.

Produce markets were dull and featureless in the absence of any important demand.

The local Share Bazar was quiet today with increased selling pressure influenced reports of disquieting China war reports. There was utter absence of any buying and quotations sagged on increased liquidation: The decline was mild and does not show any signs of loss of confidence. On the contrary lower levels are likely to attract more support. Tata Steel Defd. opened at Rs. 2,082 and declined to Rs. 2,062. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 384 and sagged to Rs. 381. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1,760 and quietened at Rs. 1,752. Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 580 and steadied at Rs. 580. Tata Mill Shares were quoted at Rs. 67 Associated Cement Shares were pushed up to Rs. 244/12 but later steadied at Rs. 243.

Towards the close there was some covering and prices recovered a portion of the loss. Particulary, Steel Shares were comparatively quiet but Mill Shares were steady: The market tone towards the close was steady.

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3½ P. C. PAPER

BOMBAY, Nov. 7.

3½ per cent Government paper ruled steady today at Rs. 99-15.

****

Produce Market

The local produce market was quiet and the offtake was poor. The outlook is not encouraging.

Groundnuts Bombay Bold were quoted at Rs. 13/12 and Khandesh quality was done at Rs. 14/6. Goa delivery quotation was Rs. 14/4.

Castorseeds Bombay were quoted at Rs. 15/8 and Goa delivery stood at Rs. 15/8 without any important business. Navlakhi Port quotation was Rs. 15/6.

Linseed quotations were mostly unchanged C. P. and U. P. Linseed was placed at Rs. 14/12. Moglai G. I. P. was quoted at Rs. 14/8 and January-March quotation stood at Rs. 14/5.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Cotton Bales	2458
Linseed Cwts	2415
Tilseed Cwts	1040
Groundnuts Cwts	36950
Castorseeds Cwts	217
Cottonseed Cwts	1378

WALL STREET MARKET.
New York, Nov. 6.

U. S. Steel	58-1/2
Bethlehem Steel	62-5/8 (XD dol. 1.50)
N. Y. Central R. R. Com.	18-1/2
N. Y. Central 5 p c 2013	75-3/4
N. Y. Chic. St. Louis Pfd.	89
Chesapeake & Chio. R. R.	47-1/8
Chase National	39-5/8
Nat. City Bank of N. Y.	37-3/4
General Motors	62-3/8
General Electric	39-1/8
Sun Life	270
Baldwin Locomotives	23
Phelps Dodge	23-3/8
Texas Corp.	47-1/2
Sinclair Oil	13-3/8
Socony Vacuum	12-7/8
Anaconda Copper	27
Kennecott Copper	35-5/8
Int. Nickel	29-3/8
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	163-3/4
Western Union	43-1/8
Consolid. Edison	26-3/4
Australia 5 p c 1955	100
Montgomery Ward	53-3/8
Smelting	40.00
Standard Oil (Calif)	37.00
Viscose	44-1/2
Jersey	55-1/2
Celanese	47-3/4
N. American	18-3/4

GENERAL BUYING IN NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.

Prices ruled firm on persistent fixations and other buying notably distant months, and the thought possibly discounting re-election of Roosevelt. Lightness of hedges was a contributing feature and the market closed steady. Average crop guess of 46 Cotton Exchange Members is 11,960,000 bales. The Journal of Commerce estimates the crop 11,371,000 bales. December opened at 21.46 and advanced to 21.62. The market closed at a rise of 8 to 12 points.

NEW YORK COTTON.

December 21.57+08, January 21.50+08, March 21.90+11, May 21.72+12, July 21.54+11, October 20.79+11, December highest 21.62+13 (2-52 p.m.), lowest 21.46 —03 (10 a.m.), Middling Spot 22.07+08.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

December 21.57+05, January 21.66+12, March 21.74+12, Middling Spot 21.15+05.

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

December 21.49, March 21.58, May 21.61.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Nov. 6.

T. T. London on :—
New York sellers 4.02-1/2, buyers 4.03-1/2, Madrid official 44.00, Montreal sellers 4.43, buyers 4.47, Zurich sellers 17.3, buyers 17.4, Stockholm sellers 16.85, buyers 16.95.

LONDON BULLION.

Spot 23-1/2, Forward 23-1/2, Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8-8-0.

****

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, Nov. 7
MILLS

Apollo 4/3/3 4/3/9 4/2/6 4/2/9.
Bharat 66/12.
Bharucha Dfd. 10/4 9/14
Bom. Dyeing 1760 55 57/8 51/4 56/4 50 55 52/8 60.
Bradbury Ord. 324/6 325.
Central India Ord. 390 88 88/8 86 88.
Century 840.
Colaba 223, 20 21/8.
Edward 747/8 35 40.
Elphinstone 84 83/8 84/8
Elphinstone Pref. 121/14 121/4
Finlay 301 301/8 298 302/8 300 306.
Gokak 311 8 10/8.
India United Dfd. 3/2/6 3/1/9 3/2/3.
India United Ord. 15/4 15/4/6 15 15/2 14/15 15/2 15/1/8.
Indore 802/8 10 786/4 93/12 82/8 95 90 95 92/8.
Kohinoor 582 79 80 77 79 78 82.
Madhusudan 445.
Meyer 215/10 16/14 13/12 15.
Minerva 252/8 53/2.
Model 273/12.
Morarji 636/4 37/8.
Mysore 330.
New City 390 87/8.
New Great 395 90 91/8 89 97.
Poddar 365.
Sassoon Cotton 21/8 21/4 22.
Shreenivas 345.
Simplex 255, 49 52/8.
Swadeshi 523 24 22 23 19 23.
Swan 322 19 20 18/8 21.
Tata Mill 69 66/4 67/8.
Vishnu Cotton 472/8.
Dawn 1090.
Hindustan 3750.

RAILWAYS.

Central Provinces 102/8.

BANKS.

Baroda 135.
Central 81 81/12.
Imperial Old 2000.
Imperial New 500.
India 185 85/8.
International 59/8.
Reserve 135/8.
United Commercial 87.
Eastern 102.

ELECTRIC COS.

Ahmedabad 220.
Ajmer 15.
Andhra Valley 1807/8
Tramways Ord. 149/12 50.
Tramways Pref. 72.
Tata Hydro 205/8 4/8 5.
Tata Power Ord. 1875 72/8 73/12 72/8.
Tata Power Pref. 1765.

INSURANCE COS.

British India 18/8.
Empire 1000, 1030 22/8.
Jupiter 30/12.
New India 80/8.
Universal F. G. 15/8.
Vulcan 17/2.

STEAMER COS.

Bombay Steam 578/12, 77/8.
Scindhia 32/14 32/15 32/11 32/12 32/5 32/13 32/11 32/13 32/12.

STEEL COS.

Tata Steel Dfd. 2082/8 85 72/8 76/4 63/12 68/12 65 72/8 71/4.
Tata Steel Ord. 384 81 82/8 82.
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. 162/12 62/8 62/12 62/8.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown 442/8 45.
A. Cement 243/8 44/12 42/8 43/12 43/4 43/8.
Belapur 242 42/8 39 40.
Bombay Burmah Old 495 80 82/8.
Bombay Burmah New 180.
B. B. Petrol 4/1 4/1/3 4/0/6.
Dharamsey Chemical 53/4.
Indian Bleaching 182 81.
Industrial Investment Trust 124/8
Premier Construction Ord. 204 6 7/8 9 6/8 10/8.
Shivrajpur 61 59/8
Tata Oil 77 76/8 77/8.
Tata Chemical Pref. 130.
Tata Chemical Ord. 19/4 19/10 19/4 19/6.
Western India Match 300 301/4.

Gold & Silver

The Bank sold 200 bars Silver to-day at Rs. 113/4 to Rs. 113/5 and 50,000 tolas Gold at Rs. 61/13 to Rs. 63/14. The local Silver Market for forward delivery opened at Rs. 113 and improved to Rs. 114/8 while ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 115. Forward Gold for the current settlement opened at Rs. 61/12 and advanced to Rs. 62/10 while the next settlement was quoted at Rs. 62. Ready Gold was placed at Rs. 62/14. It will be observed that Bulls are controlling the market.

Later on there was some evening up of business. The market finally closed as under:—

SILVER: Ready 114-12-0, Current Settlement 114-0-0, Next Settlement 112-10-0.

GOLD: Ready 63-0-0, Current Settlement 62-4-0, Next Settlement 61-10-0, Sovereigns 44-0-0.

CALICUT QUOTATIONS.
CALICUT, Nov. 7.

Cocoanuts Raw 85, Dry 82, Cocoanut Oil 320, Copra Office 222/8, Dilpasand 217/8, Madrasnottam 230, Good Gooda 232/8, Pepper Wynaad 295, Country 285, Dry Ginger Chernad 165, Ernad 160, Coffee Robusta 104.

Bombay Cotton

New York, Nov. 6.

The Cotton Market opened to-day at Rs. 407/8 for March delivery and improved to Rs. 409/4 on short covering. Later on the market was influenced on news about Chinese war position and sudden selling appeared and prices declined to Rs. 404/8. As anticipated the market is now correcting the technical position which was manipulated by prominent operators.

Prices declined to Rs. 403 under persistent selling but recovered to Rs. 406. The market finally closed at 6 p.m. as under:—

I. C. C. March	406 0 0
I. C. C. May	412 4 0

COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton March contract is 599 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

	Hi.	Lo.	Close
I. C. C. March	414	408	408/8
I. C. C. May	421	415	415/12
Karachi March	42/1/9	41/4/3	41/4/0

METAL QUOTATIONS

Copper Bhangar: ready 122-0-0, Kartak 118-8-0, Posh 118-8-0.
Brass Bhangar: Ready 138-0-0, Kartak 135-12-0, Posh 127-12-0.

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON: Banks buying 90 days/st. 1/6 1/4 1- and 2 months, 1/6 9/32 3 to 6 months.
B. C. RATES: T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16.
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32.
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 D D 1/6 1/8.
LDN/NEW YORK:
Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4 D D Rs. 332 3/4.
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2 D D Rs. 326 1/2.
LDN/MONTREAL:
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D Rs. 302 1/2.
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4 D D Rs. 294 3/4.
Tone of Sterling Exchange :—Quiet.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c. Bank of England Rate 2 p c.
Money :—Call, one and two months 1/4 p c, 3 to 5 months 1/2 p c, 6 to 11 months 3/4 p c, 12 months 1 1/4 p c.
Tone :—Very Easy.

Acquitted Of Murder

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Blagden and a Special Jury)
Emperor
v.
1. Yusoof Walli, 2. Aliji Jeewa ..... Accused

The accused were charged with having murdered one Ahmed Taja on the night of 12th January last by smashing his head with an iron rod and a stick at Mazagaon.

The first accused pleaded an alibi which he sought to establish by cross-examination of the prosecution witnesses themselves.

In summing-up the case for the Jury, his lordship pointed out that the prosecution evidence bristled with inconsistencies. The Jury returned a unanimous verdict finding the accused not guilty of the offence charged. His Lordship thereupon acquitted both the accused.

Mr. K. B. Bharucha and the Advocate-General instructed by the Public Prosecutor appeared for the prosecution.

Mrr. K. J. Khandalawalla defended the first accused.

Mr. A. H. Mirza defended the second accused.

Communists On Mahatma's Fast

His Self-Immolation Will Intensify Feeling Of Frustration, Says P. C. Joshi

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In the course of an interview to the "Bombay Chronicle" regarding Gandhiji's proposed fast, Mr. P. C. Joshi, General Secretary of the Communist Party of India said that the fast would not stir the conscience of the nation, but only intensify a hundredfold the miserable feeling of frustration. "Gandhiji's life belongs to us all," he said. "Our party earnestly appeals to him to expose falsehood and untruth that is creeping into our national life."

The following is Mr. Joshi's interview:

"We communists share the grave concern of our compatriots over Gandhiji's proposed fast. It will not stir the conscience of the nation, but only intensify a hundredfold the miserable feeling of frustration. The situation demands a positive lead against a worsening situation from the greatest leader of the nation, while his fast will reduce the people to becoming helpless spectators of a grave tragedy.

"Our national life does cry for Gandhiji's intervention and against his self-immolation

"I appeal to him to glance through the Congress Press and get the inside story of the proceedings of Congressmen's Conferences where Mr. Jinnah has been denounced as a British agent and plans made to smash or by-pass the League. This is leading straight towards a fratricidal atmosphere. Who else could stop it if not Gandhiji? To achieve Congress-League agreement is a big and hard task, needing the greatest tolerance and utmost persuasion. Who could do it better than Gandhiji himself?

"Again the vast majority of released Congress workers are keeping away from food work having tied themselves up with the knot of co-operation v. non-co-operation with the Government. Such passivity in face of starving humanity is not only demoralising for the individual patriot but leaving the people in the grip of the foreign bureaucrats and Indian profiteers and hoarders. I have no doubt if Gandhiji went to the semi-starving and epidemic-ridden Behar, Orissa, Bengal and Kerala, he will get a first-hand knowledge of the situation in the country and the sagging morale of the mass of patriots of all parties and will himself issue the most rousing call of his life for joint work by all parties to fight the hoarders, feed the people and succour the diseased.

"Gandhiji's life belongs to us all. Our Party earnestly appeals to him to expose falsehood and untruth that is creeping into our national life and lead a patriotic crusade of all parties against food scarcity and epidemics. This alone will stop the rot and rouse the best in us all."

POONA, Nov. 7: Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay, formally declared open a ward for British troops, a military hospital in Poona equipped out of a donation of Rs. 5,000 by Mr. Fazlul Rahimtullah in memory of his late father, Sir Ibrahim Rahimtullah, on November 6.

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Polson's Butter!
AGMARK SELECT (PASTEURISED) TABLE BUTTER
The cheapest & purest concentrated nourishment guaranteed by Government Agmark Seal

FIGHTERS FOR FREEDOM

ARE YOU TAKING CARE OF THEM?

OF COURSE, YOU ARE. And you will do so as long as you live. But what will happen to them when you are no longer in this world. Have you made any provision for their future security and financial independence.

Write to us and we shall send you, without any obligation, complete details showing how you can take care of your wife as long as she lives, how you can ensure your children's education and your daughter's marriage. Write now.

N.157

The
BOMBAY MUTUAL
LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.
Bombay Mutual Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
EVERY POLICY-HOLDER A SHARE HOLDER

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CHARLIE CHAN — Character Creted by Earl Derr Biggers — SPOT REMOVER FOR CHARLIE — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

IN THE HIDEAWAY OF THE FOREIGN SPIES IN WASHINGTON...
SO! THEIR WORK CONTINUES ON THE DAM ACROSS THE FLORIDA CHANNEL!
WE MUST STOP THOSE YANKEES!
DEATH OF ENGINEER MARSHALL DID NOT HALT WORK ON GULF STREAM DAM!
LOSS OF SECRET DEVICE ONLY DELAYED CONSTRUCTION! WORK IS NOW IN CHARGE OF REAR ADMIRAL RUDLEY!
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.
WHAT ELSE?
THERE IS MORE! RUDLEY'S RIGHT HAND MAN IS A CHINESE DETECTIVE! BUT WHO?
10-24
SO! I MIGHT HAVE SUSPECTED! CONTACT CAPTAIN RECKER ON THE UNDERSEA BOAT ATLANTIS! OUR CHIEF ENEMY IS CHARLIE CHAN - AND HE MUST BE REMOVED!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1|8|-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a match for a 16-year old U. P. Raja's daughter who is highly cultured and heiress of estate of Rs. 60,000 annually. Only modernised Rajputs with sound financial position need start negotiations Box No. 6365, "Bombay Chronicle."

Rich Gujarati Gentleman? aged 31, wishes to come into contact with independent young lady of any nationality, view matrimony. Please Communicate with photo if possible to Box, No. 6462, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a suitable bride for Hindu Advocate, aged 26 and decently settled in life. Apply Post Box No. 6470, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Applications are invited for the post of a Medical Officer in the Municipal Dispensary at Chopda in the scale of pay of Rs. 70-5/2-130 with the benefit of Provident Fund and free quarters. Dearness allowance will be paid at the sanctioned rate. Those who have passed at least L. C. P. & S. or L. M. P. examination should apply in their own handwriting to the undersigned on or before 30th November 1944, stating their age, caste, experience, etc., with copies of testimonials if any. Maganlal Nagindas, President Chopda Municipality, Chopda Municipal Office. dated 1st November, 1944 868

Wanted young men to undergo training as Comptometer Operators. Minimum qualification matriculation. Bright prospects for candidates trained in our School Apply to: Messrs. Felt and Tarrant (India) Co., Kitab Mahal, Hornby Road, Bombay. 6476

Wanted immediately qualified experienced Chief Engineer for our 1,800 double carbonati on plant with experience turbo generators and considerable skill of designing and manufacturing in own workshop. Apply to The Mahalakshmi Sugar Mills Co., Ltd., Hamira (Kapurthala State). 6469

Wanted for immediate engagement at Mithapur, Kathiawad, a Draftsman specialised in Machine Drawing. Must be quick and clean in Work Salary according to qualifications. Apply Tata Chemicals Ltd., Mithapur, Kathiawad. 897

Litho Printers both flat bed and offset for an established press of repute. Decent salary and good prospects for a right man. Apply Box No. 6494, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Rotary Foreman Linomachanics, Senior Sub-Editor for Daily 'Advance' Calcutta. Apply stating salary experience to Mr. M. C. Agrawala 5, Tilak Road, Calcutta. 6501

Applications are invited from really efficient and well connected gentlemen for Chief Agency in Bombay Presidency on lucrative terms. For particulars please apply to Napier Insurance Co., Ltd., Commercial Buildings, Clive Street, Calcutta. 899

Wanted enthusiastic energetic young graduates with legal knowledge preferable for a well-known Piece-Goods Merchants' Association as Assistant Secretaries. Apply with qualifications, and copies of certificates to Box No. 6495, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a few Branch Managers for our proposed, Bombay, Karachi and Ahmedabad Branches of a first class Scheduled Bank of Calcutta. Candidate having considerable influence, respectable position and high connection with good organising capacity need apply at once. Preference will be given to those who have good education and part experience in the Banking line. Apply to the Managing Director, The Noakhali Union Bank Ltd. 10, Clive Street, Calcutta. 909

Wanted artisans conversant with following work, wiremen, Radio Mechanics fitters, carpenters, blacksmiths, painters, daily rates Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 5 according to ability and plus One Rupee per day allowance. Apply any day and time at Asian Air Associates Factory, 130, Worli. 903

Wanted experienced traveller for attractive leather bags. Apply Kalyanji Devsi, Parekh Building, Old Hanuman Lane, Bombay 2. 6504

Wanted a night Supervisor experience in dyeing, finishing, and folding for a dye-house. Apply immediately with testimonials. Salary according to qualifications Box No. 6508, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted radio mechanics—salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 150 depending on experience Good prospects. Apply Box No. 6508, "Bombay Chronicle".

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Stockists Agents for our Textile Printing Copper Rolls for different provinces. Apply for terms and conditions to G. P. O. Box 610. 6449

Wanted—Stockist and Agents throughout India for pure Bee-Honey and Bee-Wax on reasonable terms. Only reliable firms need apply sample 1 lb. Rs. 2 only. United India Corporation—Haldwani O T. Rly. 6484

PLOTS WANTED

Open Plot or Factory building suitable for small chemical works in or near Bombay required. Apply Box No. 6490, "Bombay Chronicle."

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Earn Rs. Six daily. Buy Easy Cotton Calculation Book at Rs. 4. Fulgaliwala Ahmed Buildings, Golpitha, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT
(WORKS BRANCH)
NOTICE

Tender for the work of providing cement concrete slabs and other incidental works along Maulana Abdul Gaffur Road at Worli, will be received upto 1 p.m. (B. T.), on Friday the 17th November 1944.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant Municipal Offices, Fort Bombay enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification etc., will be issued on payment of Rupees five each to any one deputed to receive them by the undersigned who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Tender must be brought duly sealed to the Municipal Office and delivered at the Chief Accountant's Office as directed above. Tenderers shall not be allowed to fill in or seal their tenders at the Chief Accountant's or any other Municipal Office.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 7th November, 1944.
910

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY.
Office of the Director of Munitions Production, Bombay.
TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIRECTOR, Munitions Production, Phoenix Building, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay invites quotations against Tender No. MBP|13175|P1 to reach him on or before 22-11-'44 on forms (not transferrable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 2|- per set (not refundable) to be paid in cash, by Money Order, or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender No. full name and address of the remitter) for FINS SPLIT BRIGHT of sizes.

Applicants not already on approved list of Supply Department Contractors must give their Banker's reference on application for Tender Form. (896)

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE CO. LTD. BOMBAY

The original Share Certificate No. 1026 standing in the name of Mr. Ganesh Sadashiv Sathe is reported to have been lost. An application has been received for the issue of a duplicate certificate. Notice is given that a duplicate share certificate will be issued if no objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

K. BALASUBRAHMANYAM,
Manager & Actuary.

Bombay,
8th November 1944.
914

NOTICE

At the request of the Consul for France and the Committee of Francais Libres des Indes, there will be a Requiem Mass offered on the 11th November, 1944 at 10 a. m. at the Pro-Cathedral, Wodehouse Road, for all the Frenchmen and Frenchwomen who have given their lives for France and for Liberty during the last and the present War. 900

FLATS WANTED.

Wanted a two room or three Room block in Matunga or Dadar, in exchange for a three room block in Walkeshwar. Apply Box No. 6491 "Bombay Chronicle".

OFFICE PREMISES WANTED

Wanted a suitable Office Room preferably with a Phone for a first class Scheduled Bank of Calcutta in business quarters of Bombay where a Branch is going to be opened shortly. Apply to the Managing Director, Naokhali Union Bank Ltd., 10 Clive Street, Calcutta. 909

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

A Hindu tenant wants accommodation of at least two rooms preferably in Dadar area. Please call at Block No. 12, "Purnakutir" 164, Vincent Road, Dadar, before 9 a.m., or between 6 and 9 p. m. (6512)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Parties interested to organize the sale of Boot Polish against their own name without investment. Apply Box No. 6511, "Bombay Chronicle".

Free:—Indian Pen Model 1944 and illustrated catalogue of Minerva New Gold's new Model jewellery absolutely Free. Sample set of Minerva New Gold's Jewellery is also sent to interested persons on request. Apply Post Box No. 149, Lahore. 6327

MEDICAL ADLETS

Colds cured by single dose of rare herbal extract. Quickly expels impurities. Rs. 2 per treatment. 11 a.m. to 2 p.m. Haranath Arogya Chikitsalaya, 361, Hornby Road, Bombay. New hope of relief and cure for sufferers afflicted with difficult, obstinate and chronic diseases. Details by request. 6503

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Pure Honey: In nutritive value— Unexcelled—Limited stocks. Available in 48/50 lbs. Tin. Lots f. o. r. Bombay. Apply to Box No. 6506, "Bombay Chronicle".

Decent 4 storied Building having open space in front, Muslim locality near J. J. Hospital 125 sq. yards, monthly rent Rs. 85 cost not less than Rs. 16,000. Apply Box No. 6510, "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE CEMENT MARKETING CO. OF INDIA, LTD.

The public are hereby informed that with effect from the 8th November 1944, the correct maximum price for all brands of ordinary Portland Cement marketed by us in Bombay is:

Rs. 70/- per ton in wagon loads & ex-wharf

Rs. 74/11 per ton or **Rs. 3/11/9** per bag ex-our godown.

If you are asked to pay more than the above rates please communicate immediately with the Company at the following address.

THE CEMENT MARKETING CO. OF INDIA, LTD.

Esplanade House, - - - Fort, BOMBAY.

WAUDBY ROAD

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY
Office of the Controller of Supplies, Bombay
TENDER NOTICE

CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, BOMBAY, Invites Tender No. BSY|GABS|1638 to reach him on or before 7th December, 1944 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his Office at Rs. 2|- (not refundable) per set, to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender Number, full name and address of the remitter) for:—

Item No.	Description of goods.	Specn. No. or Sealed Pattern No.	Quantity.	Unit.
1.	Forks Fish Eating	VIC| 585	1600 Nos.	No.
2.	Forks Table E. P. small	VIC| 586	3000 Nos.	No.
3.	Knives Fish Eating	VIC| 587	800 Nos.	No.
4.	Ladles Soup	VIC| 588	60 Nos.	No.
5.	Nut Crackers	VIC| 589	70 Nos.	No.
6.	Spoons Large E. P. Officers	VIC| 590	3000 Nos.	No.
7.	Spoons Grav	Specn I. M. Drg. No. 1024 (a)	20 Nos.	No.
8.	Toast Racks with 8 partitions.		30 Nos.	No.
9.	Toast Racks with 6 partitions	VIC| 591	70 Nos.	No.
10.	Toast Racks with 4 partitions.		80 Nos.	No.

Applicants not already on approved list of Supply Department Contractors must give their Banker's reference on application for Tender Form. 898

NOTICE

WITH a view to assist Cottage workers and Small-Scale Industrialists of this Province in marketing their products Government has established Sales Depots in Bombay City, Belgaum, Nasik and Surat. All Cottage workers and Small-Scale Industrialists of the City of Bombay and the Province are hereby informed that if they desire to take advantage of the facilities offered by Government they are requested to see the Officers named below with the samples of goods manufactured by them together with a statement of prices or to send the samples with a price-list to the Officers concerned. Articles of utility and good design and workmanship only should be tendered:—

BOMBAY CITY CHIEF MARKETING OFFICER or DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES	Bombay Industries Department, Cottage and Small-Scale Industries Sales Depot, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort. BOMBAY. OR Office of the Director of Industries, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, BOMBAY.
BELGAUM AREA District Industrial Officer,	V. V. Chavan's Bungalow, BELGAUM.
SURAT AREA District Industrial Officer,	Daria Mahal, opp. Municipal Office Building, SURAT.
NASIK AREA District Industrial Officer,	Mr. Vaidya's Building, 42, Main Road, NASIK.

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G.I.P. RAILWAY
AIR-CONDITIONED SERVICE
BOMBAY-MADRAS AND VICE VERSA

With immediate effect, Air-Conditioned Accommodation (I class only) on Bombay-Madras Express trains will run as shown below:—

DATE OF EACH MONTH	EX-BOMBAY	EX-MADRAS.
1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25	2 Coupe Compartments	1 four-berth Compartment.
3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 23, 27.	1 four-berth Compartment	2 Coupe Compartments.

(912)

WANTED ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS IN THE INDIAN AIR FORCE.

THE I. A. F. has a limited number of posts of Administrative Assistants for graduates of a recognised University with teaching and administrative experience. Honours graduates with good personality and physique will be preferred. They will be granted the rank of Sergeants or Warrant Officers on pay ranging from Rs. 115|- to 200|- p. m. all found. For further particulars apply immediately to or see the nearest Technical Recruiting Officer or the undersigned:—

S. R. TAWDE,
Provincial Publicity and Recruiting Officer.
Address:—National Service Labour Tribunal, Hassan Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.
(861)

Telephone: 30154. Telegrams: "ADLOOK."

ALCO INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

WE HAVE THE PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE

That we have started underwriting FIRE INSURANCE Business.

A. A. JASDENVALA,
Managing Director.

Rahimtoola House,
Homji Street,
Fort, Bombay.
4th Nov. 1944.
(913)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT
NOTICE.

TENDERS for the supply of drugs, medicines, medical appliances, surgical dressings etc. to the Municipal Hospitals and Dispensaries (excluding the K.E.M. Hospital) in charge of the Health Department and to the other Departments for one year from 1-3-1945 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on 22-11-1944 not later than 1 P. M. (B. T.).

Tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed "Tender for the supply of medicines etc. to Municipal Hospitals and Dispensaries under Health and other Departments" addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.

Forms of contracts, specifications etc. and any other information will be supplied to any one on applying for the same by the undersigned. A charge of Rs. 5|- will have to be paid for each set of tender forms.

Only those firms which have Bonded Laboratories in the City of Bombay should quote for spirituous drugs. The successful Tenderer will have to arrange for, for obtaining permits, if any, required under the Excise Rules for the supply of spirituous drugs.

Only those tenderers who possess the license under the Drugs Control Order, 1943, should put in their tenders. The successful tenderers will have to supply the controlled drugs at the controlled rates fixed by the Government, from time to time.

The attention of the Tenderers is invited to the special directions accompanying the tender. A copy of the General Directions is kept in the office of the Executive Health Officer for inspection by the intending tenderers.

The amount of the tender deposit required to be paid along with the tender is Rs. 500|- only.

B. C. DAS GUPTA,
Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Department,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 7th November 1944.

N. B.—"TENDERS MUST BE BROUGHT DULY SEALED TO THE MUNICIPAL OFFICE AND DELIVERED AT THE CHIEF ACCOUNTANT'S OFFICE AS DIRECTED ABOVE. TENDERERS SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED TO FILL IN OR SEAL THEIR TENDERS AT THE CHIEF ACCOUNTANT'S OR ANY OTHER MUNICIPAL OFFICE." (906)

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS COMPANY LTD.
LOST—SHARE CERTIFICATE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 73293 in respect of one Ordinary Share No. 570374 of the Bombay Electric Supply & Tramways Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Kaikhushru Rustomji has been lost, mislaid or destroyed. Any claim in respect of this share should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Post Fort, Bombay No. 1, within one month from the date hereof; otherwise a duplicate share certificate will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

KAIKHUSHRU RUSTOMJI.
901

THE STEEL CORPORATION OF BENGAL LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have authorised the half-yearly payment of dividend due on the 5% Cumulative Preference Shares of the Corporation for the half-year ended 30th November, 1944.

The Share Transfer Books for the Preference Shares of the Corporation will remain closed from the 16th November to 30th November, 1944 both days inclusive. Payment will be made only to those Members or their Mandatees whose names appear on the Register of the Corporation on the 15th November, 1944.

No application for warrants will be necessary. Claims on behalf of holders of shares held on blank transfers will not be entertained.

By Order of the Board,
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.
12, Mission Row,
Calcutta.
The 8th November, 1944.
(903)

NOTICE.

WANTED for large R.C.C. Construction work in Bihar qualified and experienced Civil Engineers and Overseers for active field work. Candidates should hold a degree in Civil Engineering of a recognised University or the C. E. Diploma of Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee. Applications from candidates with first class qualifications but limited experience will also be considered Permanent employment. Salary according to qualifications and experience. Apply with certificates and testimonials and stating salary expected to Box No. 818, "Bombay Chronicle."

"NOTICE."

Our canvasser Mr. Prabhaker Rangrao Karnik is disappeared with order-books of M|s. Hind Record Syringe Works and Himavirta Chemical Works bearing Nos. 3401 to 3500 and 1601 to 1700, respectively—

We hereby inform the public that none should deal with him in anyway and should not give any order on the above mentioned forms. Any dealing with him shall not bind us and we shall not be responsible in anyway for the same. (6502)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE
REGISTRATION OF EUROPEAN BRITISH WOMEN

IN PURSUANCE of the Registration (Emergency Powers) Ordinance 1944, it is hereby notified that all European British women between the ages of 18 and 50 years on 1st November 1944, resident in Bombay City must, subject to the exceptions given below, register themselves. This Ordinance does not apply to Domiciled European or Anglo-Indian women or European British women married to men who are not European British subjects.

(1) Registration may be effected at the Registration Office which is—

Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Special Branch II, C.I.D. Building, III Floor, near Crawford Market,
OR AT

(i) European Association Office, 32 Nicol Road, Ballard Estate,

(ii) Women's Voluntary Services Office, 141 Mint Road, (next to Town Hall),

(iii) Office of the Station Staff Officer (Wives & Families), Thos. Cook & Son's Building, Hornby Road.

These offices will be open on week days from Monday, the 13th November 1944, to the 25th November 1944, inclusive, between 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. except Saturday, the 18th November, and Saturday, the 25th November, when they will be open between 10 a.m. and 12 noon. A representative will be present at each office to give assistance in filling up the forms.

Forms may, however, be taken away and completed at home, and returned by post, or may even be obtained by writing to the Registration Office, C. I. D. Building. In both these cases, however, the forms returned by post must be addressed to the Registration Authority (i.e. Deputy Commissioner of Police, Special Branch II, C.I.D. Building, Head Police Office, Bombay) who can accept no responsibility for non-receipt or late receipt of forms through the post or for incorrect filling in of the forms which will render the registree legally liable as shown in para (5).

(2) Certificate of Registration: Every person registering will receive a registration certificate signed by the Registration Authority and bearing her own signature.

(3) Persons Exempted from Registration:—The following are not required to register:

Any European British woman who—

(a) is a whole-time servant of Government, whether in civil, naval, military or air force;
(Whole-time employment is considered as seven hours per day or more); or

(b) is in permanent employment as a missionary of any religious denomination and is receiving separate remuneration for such employment; or

(c) is actively engaged as a qualified medical practitioner or is registered or otherwise qualified as a nurse and is earning her livelihood as such; or

(d) is the wife of a person other than a European British subject or who, having been the wife of such a person, has not since been married to a European British subject.

(4) Women Temporarily out of Bombay:—Any European British woman normally resident in Bombay and liable for registration who is temporarily absent from Bombay between the 13th and 25th November, should obtain forms by post from the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Special Branch II, Head Police Office, Bombay, and return them completed to this office by 25-11-1944.

(5) Penalty for Failure to Register:—Failure to register between November 13th and 25th, 1944, renders any person liable to do so open to a fine of Rs. 10).

(6) Change of Address:—Any changes of address by a registree for a period exceeding one month must be notified to the Registering Authority.

H. E. BUTLER,
Registering Authority.

Bombay, dated the 31st October, 1944.
846

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Indian and British women of character, integrity and good education to fill responsible posts in an important country-wide organisation offering attractive terms, congenial work under ideal conditions and good prospects. For further particulars. Apply to Post Box No. 874, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO COMMON JURORS

MEMBERS of the Common Jury summoned for the current criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court, on Wednesday, the 8th November 1944, at 11-15 A. M. (S. T.).

SHANTIDAS ASKURAN,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 7th November 1944.
(911)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.
IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE AT AHMEDABAD.

Civil Misc. Appln. No. 98 of 1944.

In the matter of the winding up petition of the Great Home Life Assurance Co., Ltd., having its registered office near Panchkuva Gate, Reid Road, Ahmedabad.

PETITIONER: The Superintendent of Insurance, Simla.
Vs.
OPPONENT: The Great Home Life Assurance Company Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the existing Creditors of the Opponent Company that pursuant to the orders passed by the Court on 4-10-1944 a meeting of the existing creditors of the Opponent-Company will be held at Bombay in the office of the Hindusthan Theatres Ltd., in Room No. 7 on the first floor Noble Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay on Saturday the 2nd of December 1944 at 3 P. M. (N. S. T.) under the chairmanship of the Provisional Liquidator to consider the situation arisen by the winding up petition and to consider and resolve upon any scheme or schemes that may be submitted in the meeting. The Chairman will submit his report of the proceedings of the meeting to the Honourable Court thereafter. All creditors are requested to attend the meeting personally or by proxy duly lodged and received at Ahmedabad by the Chairman at least one day before the date of the meeting.

NAVINCHANDRA M. DESAI,
Provisional Liquidator & Chairman.
Date. 4-11-1944.
Ahmedabad
Raipur Akasheth St. (895)

NOTICE.
IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE AT AHMEDABAD.

Civil Misc. Appln. No. 98 of 1944.

In the matter of the winding up petition of the Great Home Life Assurance Co. Ltd., having its registered office near Panchkuva Gate, Ahmedabad.

PETITIONER: The Superintendent of Insurance, Simla.
Vs.
OPPONENT: The Great Home Life Assurance Co. Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of the Hon'ble Court's orders dated 4-10-1944 a meeting of the existing policy holders whose policies are in force at the date of the meeting will be held in the Company's registered office in Mahmal Building, 2nd floor, near Panchkuva Gate, Ahmedabad on Sunday the 10th of December 1944 at 3-30 P. M. (N. S. T.) to consider about the situation arisen as a result of the winding up petition and to consider and resolve upon any scheme or schemes that may be submitted in the meeting. The Chairman (The Provisional Liquidator) will submit his report about the proceedings of the meeting to the Honourable Court thereafter. All Policy holders whose policies are in force on 10-12-1944 are requested to attend the meeting personally or by proxy duly lodged with and received by the Provisional Liquidator at Ahmedabad at least one day before the date of the meeting.

NAVINCHANDRA M DESAI,
Provisional Liquidator.
Date: 4-11-44.
Raipur,
Akashethkuva Street.
Ahmedabad. (894)

AUCTION SALES

OPPORTUNITY TO BUY GENUINE PERSIAN CARPETS.

By order of the Office Concerned we shall sell by Auction on Friday, 10th November, at 4-30 p.m. (N. S. T.), at our rooms at 122 Apollo St., Fort, Bombay, Best quality thick pile Persian and Bokhara Carpets, in Hunting, Garden and other designs. On view.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF DIAMOND EMERALD, RUBY, PEARL ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from Bai Kashidevi Bienani M|s BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction To-day WEDNESDAY, the 8th November, 1944, at 3 P.M. (N.S.T.) at their Rooms the undermentioned ornaments such as:—

Diamond rings, Diamond Emerald and Ruby rings, Single row Diamond necklace with pendant, Diamond ear rings, Emerald 3 rows Kantha Pearl bangles and Armlets, etc.

On view on Sale Day.

BENNETT & CO.

CORRECTION

GENERAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.

The Branch Offices of the above are situated in Bombay and Ahmedabad at the following addresses respectively:—

BOMBAY OFFICE: General Assurance Buildings, 3rd floor, Hornby Road, Fort.

AHMEDABAD OFFICE: Near Bhadra Gate.

Also at Hubli.

This has reference to the advertisement published in the "Bombay Chronicle" of 28th October last.

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd. by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.